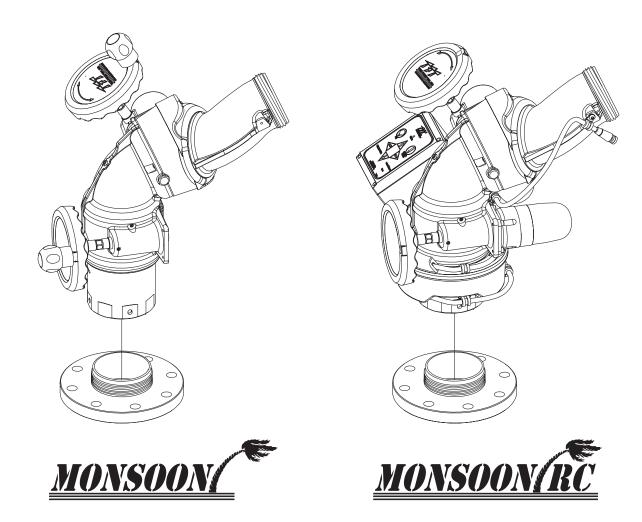


MANUAL: MONSOON & MONSOON RC MONITOR

INSTRUCTIONS FOR SAFE OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE



Read instruction manual before use. Operation of this device without understanding the manual and receiving proper training is a misuse of this equipment. A person who has not read and understood all operating and safety instructions, is not qualified to operate the Monsoon or Monsoon RC Monitor.



Maximum Recommended Flow is 2000 gpm (7600 l/min) Maximum Recommended Pressure is 200 psi (14 bar)

TASK FORCE TIPS, Inc.

2800 E Evans Ave, Valparaiso, IN 46383-6940 USA 800-348-2686 • 219-462-6161 • Fax 219-464-7155

Table of Contents

1.0 Meaning of Safety Signal Words

2.0 Safety

3.0 General Information

- 3.1 Mechanical and Electrical Specifications
- 3.2 Part Identification and Models
- 3.3 Inlets and Outlets
- 3.4 Overall Dimensions
- 3.5 Electrical Controls
 - 3.5.1 Motor Control Board (MCB) Auto Configure
 - 3.5.2 Motor Current Limiting
 - 3.5.3 Motor Soft Stops
 - 3.5.4 Motor Slow/Fast Speed
 - 3.5.5 Communication Protocol
 - 3.5.6 Oscillate and Stow Features

4.0 Installation

- 4.1 Structural Requirements for Monitor Mounting
- 4.2 Inlet Fittings or Extend-A-Gun RC installation
 - 4.2.1 Addition Wire Clamps for Extend-A-Gun RC
- 4.3 Nozzle Installation
- 4.4 Horizontal rotation Travel Stops
- 4.5 Elevation Travel Stops
- 4.6 Pressure Gage Port
- 4.7 Drain

5.0 Electrical Controls Installation

- 5.1 Primary Monitor Operator Station
 - 5.1.1 Mounting
 - 5.1.2 Electrical Wiring
- 5.2 Optional Monitor Operator Stations
 - 5.2.1 Mounting
 - 5.2.2 Electrical Wiring
- 5.3 Tethered Monitor Operator Station
 - 5.3.1 Holster Mounting
 - 5.3.2 Receptacle Mounting
 - 5.3.3 Electrical Wiring
- 5.4 Wireless Monitor Operator Station
 - 5.4.1 Mounting Receiver
 - 5.4.2 Electrical Wiring Receiver
 - 5.4.3 Mounting Charging Cradle
 - 5.4.4 Electrical Wiring Charging Cradle
- 5.5 Joystick Monitor Operator Station
 - 5.5.1 Mounting
 - 5.5.2 Electrical Wiring
- 5.6 Toggle Switch Monitor Operator Station
 - 5.6.1 Enclosure Mounting
 - 5.6.2 Electrical Wiring
- 5.7 Communication Interface Box
 - 5.7.1 Enclosure Mounting
 - 5.7.2 Electrical Wiring
 - 5.7.3 Changing Inputs To Accept 12 VDC
- Connecting Monitor Cable Directly to Protected Power Supply
 - 5.8.1 Electrical Wiring
- 5.9 Operator Station Directly to Monitor Installation
- 5.10 Monsoon RC Aerial Truck Installation
 - 5.10.1 Electronics Enclosure Mounting
 - 5.10.2 Electrical Wiring
 - 5.10.2.1 Ladder Installation Electrical Wiring
 - 5.10.2.2 Platform Installation Electrical Wiring
- 5.11 Electrical Nozzle Actuator Wiring

6.0 Operation

- 6.1 Manual Model
 - 6.1.1 Horizontal rotation Control
 - 6.1.2 Elevation Control
 - 6.1.3 Tiller Bar Manual Control
- 6.2 Electrical Model
 - 6.2.1 Electrical Operator Stations
 - 6.2.1.1 Monitor Mounted Operator Station
 - 6.2.1.2 Primary Operator Station
 - 6.2.1.3 Optional Operator Station
 - 6.2.1.4 Tethered Operator Station
 - 6.2.1.5 Wireless Operator Station
 - 6.2.1.6 Joystick Operator Station
 - 6.2.1.7 Toggle Switch Operation Station
 - 6.2.2 Master Override Feature
 - 6.2.3 Stow Feature
 - 6.2.3.1 Programming
 - 6.2.3.1 Stow Programming Example
 - 6.2.4 Oscillate Feature
 - 6.2.4.1 Programming
 - 6.2.5 Operator Station Panels
 - 6.2.6 Override Hand wheels
- 6.3 Recommended Stowing Position
- 6.4 Flows and Pressures
 - 6.4.1 Stacked Tips Flow and Reach
 - 6.4.2 Master Stream 2000 Nozzle
 - 6.4.3 Monsoon Monitor Friction Loss
- 6.5 Stream Straighteners
 - 6.5.1 Stream Straighteners with Stacked Tip Nozzles
 - 6.5.2 Stream Straighteners with Fog Nozzles

7.0 Trouble Shooting

8.0 Maintenance and Inspection

- 8.1 Lubrication Chart
- 8.2 Performance Testing
- 9.0 Drawings and Parts List
- 10.0 Warranty

1.0 MEANING OF SIGNAL WORDS

A safety related message is identified by a safety alert symbol and a signal word to indicate the level of risk involved with a particular hazard. Per ANSI standard Z535.4-1998 the definitions of the three signal words are as follows:

▲DANGER

DANGER indicates an imminently hazardous situation which, if not avoided, will result in death or serious injury.

▲WARNING

WARNING indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury.

▲CAUTION

CAUTION indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, may result in minor or moderate injury.

2.0 SAFETY

The operation of this monitor can be dangerous. The following must be observed at all times.

▲WARNING

Injury can result from an inadequately supported monitor. The monitor mount must be capable of supporting 1500 lbs (700 kg) of nozzle reaction force.

▲WARNING

The stream exiting a monitor is very powerful and capable of causing injury and property damage. Make sure the monitor is securely attached to the base and pointing in a safe direction before water to the monitor is turned on. Use care in directing the stream.

ACAUTION

The electric Monsoon RC may be remotely operated. The electric drives are current limited but may still produce enough force to cause injury. Keep hands and fingers away from pinch points on the monitor.

ACAUTION

Do not use the manual override handwheels while the electric controls are in operation. The electric drives produce enough torque to cause injury.

ACAUTION

Maximum flow and pressure is 2000 GPM (7600 LPM) and 200 PSI (14 BAR). Damage or injury may result if the monitor is operated beyond these limits.

On many vehicle installations the monitor is the highest point on the apparatus. Often it is critical that the monitor be properly stowed before driving to avoid damage to overhead obstructions such as door openings. In these cases the use of a switch wired into the apparatus "door open" circuit is highly recommended. The switch should be wired to give a "door open" signal if the monitor is not in the stowed position. Due to the variety of possible mountings and nozzles, it is the installer's responsibility to supply the appropriate switch with mounting and wire it into their system. Always check stowed position of the monitor before moving.

3.0 GENERAL INFORMATION

The Monsoon Monitor is a manually operated monitor designed for flows up to 2000 GPM (7,600 LPM). Maximum operating pressure is 200 PSI (14 BAR). Unique patent pending segmented waterway has only 15 PSI (1 BAR) friction loss at 2000 GPM. Water makes very few turns as it travels though the monitor resulting in low friction loss and a far reaching effective stream. Elevation range is 90 degrees above horizontal to 45 degrees below. Field changeable elevation travel stops at 45 degrees above, 30 degrees above, and 30 degrees below horizontal. The manual model has 360 degree continuous horizontal rotation with field changeable stops at 45, 90, and 135 degrees either side of a center position. Available with various inlet flanges and threaded fittings. Inlet also made for direct connection to TFT's electric Extend-A-Gun RC3 or RC4. See chart on next page for model numbers. Main waterway made from hardcoat anodized ANSI 356.0-T6 aluminum. Silver powder coat finish inside and out. Standard outlet is 3.5" NH (90 mm) rigid male thread.

The Monsoon RC is an electric remote controlled monitor that has all the benefits of the Monsoon monitor with the addition of powered operation. Designed for field changeable 12 VDC or 24 VDC volt dc operation. The Monsoon RC comes with a factory installed control panel mounted on the monitor for controlling horizontal rotation, elevation, and nozzle pattern. See Task Force Tips Pricelist and Specifications for additional control stations. The motor control circuits are factory installed on the monitor and use position encoders and current limiting to protect the drive train at the ends of travel. Unit comes with 30 feet of ultra-flexing robotics cable already wired to the monitor so installation effort is minimized. Power wire has only four conductors (two for power and two for communications) further easing installation effort. Power wire is enclosed in a unique wire guide that allows 450 degrees of horizontal travel (225 degrees either side of a center position) which is far more reliable than slip rings or coil cords. Large handwheels for manual override are provided on the horizontal rotation and elevation drive. TFT's Master 2000 ER nozzle plugs into the factory installed nozzle power wire. Electric drives and control box are waterproof. Standard outlet is 3.5" NH (90 mm) rigid male thread.

3.1 MECHANICAL AND ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS

MECHANICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Weight	Manual	25 lbm	11.4 kg
	Electric	37 lbm	16.8 kg
Min. Flow Area		12.6 in2	81.1 cm2 - 4" inlets
		7.07 in2	45.6 cm2 - 3" inlets
Max Flow		2000 GPM	7,600 LPM
Max Operating Pressure		200 PSI 14 BAR	
Materials Used		ANSI A356.0-T6 Aluminum, Stainless, Nylon	

ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Nominal Operating voltage:	12 or 24 VDC (field changable)			
Motor current:	Nominal*	Limit		
Elevation motor:	6 amps	15 amps		
Horizontal rotation motor:	6 amps	10 amps		
Nozzle motor:	1 amp	5 amps		
	*with rated water pressure applied			
At rest current:	.25 amps			
Recommended fuse or circuit breaker size:	15 amps @ 12 volts, 7.5 amps @ 24 volts			
Operating temperature range:	temperature range: -30F to +120F (-34C to +49C)			
Environmental Rating: All components designed to meet minimum rating of NEMA 4 (IP65).				

Wireless Operator Station

Charging Cradle	
Nominal Operating Voltage	12 or 24 VDC
Operating Current	0.15 amps
Recommended Fuse or Circuit Breaker	2 amps
Transmitter Batteries	Use ONLY four (4) AA NiCad Batteries
Transmitter Power	5mW
Operating Frequency	2.4 GHz
Agency Approvals	FCC Part 15 - United States
	ISC - Canada
	CE - European Union

3.2 PART IDENTIFICATION AND MODELS

The Monsoon Monitor comes in manual and electric remote controlled models. Manual models are available with either handwheel control on both axis or a tiller bar model that uses a tiller bar to control horizontal rotation. Electric remote control models are available in a standard model (suitable for on top of pumpers), a Ladder model and a Platform model. Compared to the standard model, the ladder or platform model uses smaller override knobs, has a smaller swing radius and has horizontal travel stops factory installed at 90° left and right (180° total). The various models of Monsoon monitors shown in figs 3.2A, 3.2B, 3.2C and 3.2D. The monitor mounted control station on the standard remote controlled model is shown in figure 3.2E.

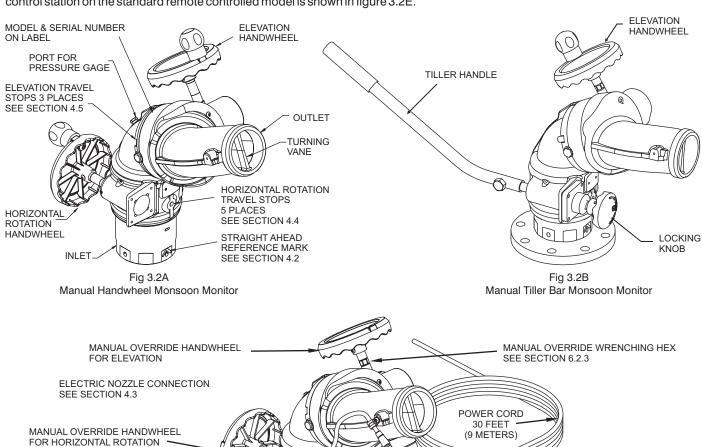
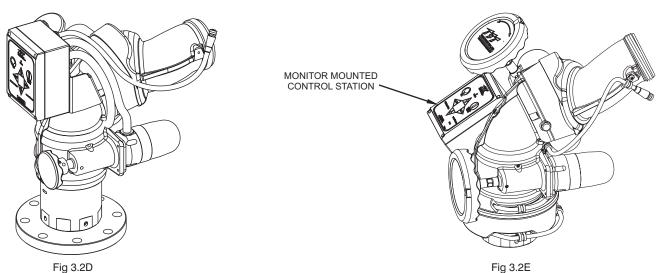


Fig 3.2B Electric Monsoon RC Monitor



Electric Monsoon RC for Ladders or Platforms

WIRE SKIRT

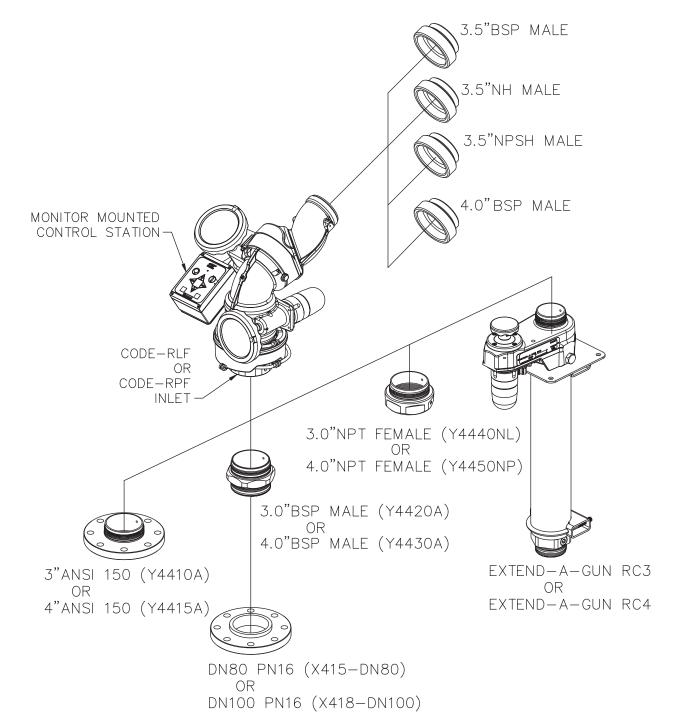
Electric Monsoon RC Standard Model

ELEVATION GEAR MOTOR

HORIZONTAL ROTATION GEAR MOTOR

3.3 INLETS AND OUTLETS

The standard Monsoon Monitor inlet is CODE-RPF for direct connection to TFT's Extend-A-Gun RC4 (4 inch size). Monitor inlet CODE-RLF is available for direct connection to Extend-A-Gun RC3 (3 inch size). The standard outlet is 3.5"-6 National Hose male. Various other inlet and outlet adapters are available as shown in figure 3.3A.



FLANGE SIZE	OUTSIDE DIAMETER	THICKNESS	BOLT HOLE CIRCLE	NUMBER OF BOLTS		TORQUE ON BOLTS	
3"ANSI 150	7.50"	.75"	6.00"	4	5/8"	76-80 FT-LBS	
4" ANSI 150	9.00"	.94"	7.50"	8	5/8"	76-80 FT-LBS	
DN80 PN16	200 mm	22 mm	160 mm	8	16 mm	100-110 NEWTON-METER	
DN100 PN16	220 mm	22 mm	180 mm	8	16 mm	100-110 NEWTON-METER	

Fig 3.3A Inlets and Outlets

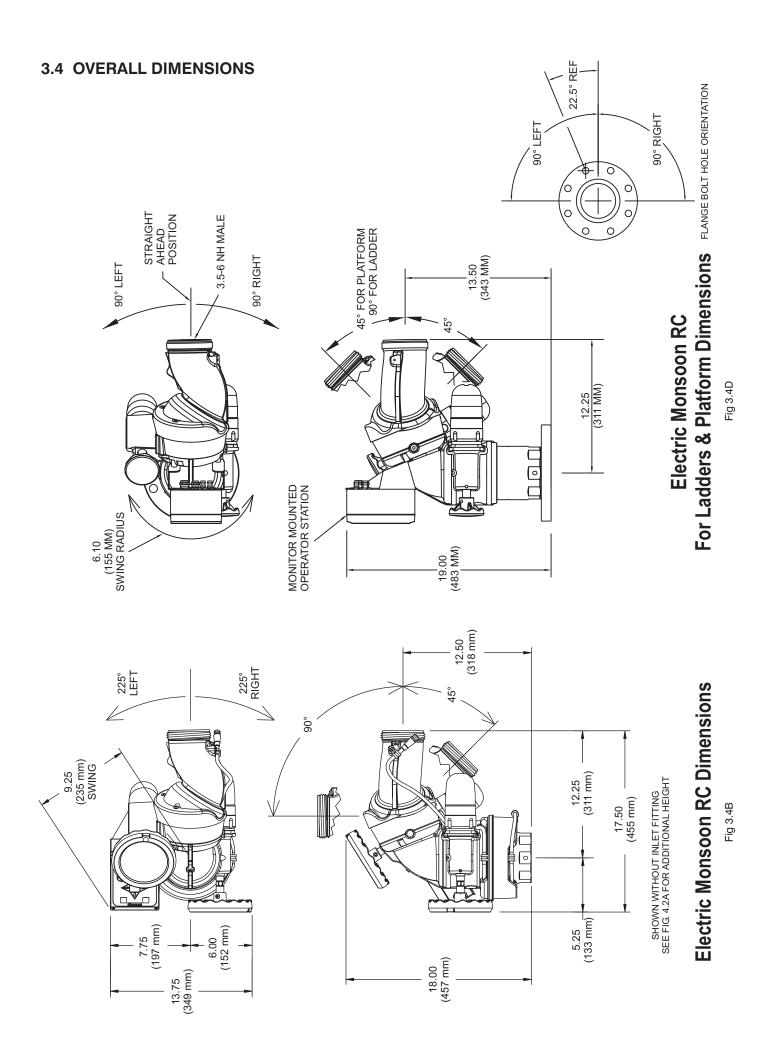
3.4 OVERALL DIMENSIONS 45° 10.62 / (270 mm) 360° CONTINUOUS 。 06 12.25 (311 mm) SHOWN WITH TILLER BAR AND WITHOUT INLET FITTING 22 (560 mm) SWING 7.62 (194 mm) 12.50 (318 mm) CONTINUOUS 360° 。 06 SHOWN WITHOUT INLET FITTING SEE FIG 4.2A FOR ADDITIONAL HEIGHT 12.25 (311 mm) 12.50 __ (320 mm) 20.00 (508 mm) 9.75 (250 mm) SWING 7.75 (197 mm) 7.62 (194_,mm) 6.50 (165 mm) 20.00 (508 mm) 14.12 (359 mm)

Manual Tiller Bar Monsoon Dimensions

Manual Monsoon Dimensions

Fig 3.4A

Fig 3.4B



3.5 ELECTRICAL CONTROLS

The electric Monsoon RC monitor is controlled by a powerful, state-of-the-art electronics system. The key components of the system are the motor control boards (Y5100) and a communication board (Y5110). Each motor control board has its own microprocessor and a sophisticated motor control chip. The communication board also has a microprocessor, which handles the interface to the operator stations. All the components on these boards are solid state; there are no relays or electro-mechanical devices to wear out over time. The hardware and software have been designed with several key features and are outlined in the following sections.

3.5.1 MOTOR CONTROL BOARD (MCB) AUTO CONFIGURE

Each monitor has three MCBs, one for each motor, which controls motor movement and direction for horizontal rotation, elevation, and nozzle pattern. In the unlikely event of a MCB failure, the failed board can be removed and one of the other two remaining MCBs can be moved into that position. This MCB will then auto configure itself to take over the control of that axis, so that the monitor can continue to be used, with two of the three motors. This is also a helpful benefit when troubleshooting and requires fewer spare parts to be stocked.

3.5.2 MOTOR CURRENT LIMITING

The microprocessor on the MCB continuously monitors the motor current. As the motor reaches an end stop or if it hits an obstruction, the motor current rises very quickly and the motor control chip automatically shuts down the motor in a few milliseconds. This eliminates the need for any type of external limit switches and the associated wiring. The microprocessor also locks the operator from moving in the stopped direction again, until the operator first moves in the opposite direction.

3.5.3 MOTOR SOFT STOPS

The horizontal and vertical motors are equipped with feedback encoders, which allow the microprocessor to know the motor position at all times. The first time a motor reaches an end stop or strikes an obstruction, the microprocessor sets a new soft stop position just before the end stop. From that point on when the axis approaches the stop, the MCB automatically slows down the motor until the end stop is reached. This significantly reduces the wear on the motor, gearbox and gear drives.

3.5.4 MOTOR SLOW/FAST SPEED

When an operator presses one of the buttons, the associated motor starts in slow speed mode for accurate control of the water stream. After approximately 2 seconds the motor automatically ramps up to a fast speed, for quickly moving into position.

3.5.5 COMMUNICATION PROTOCOL

The communication from the monitor to the operator stations is performed over two wires using RS-485 serial protocol. Multiple operator stations can be added with only two wires for the RS-485 protocol between each station.

3.5.6 OSCILLATE AND STOW FEATURES

The OSCILLATE feature allows the user to program up to 65 points of continuous movement of the horizontal and vertical axes. The OSCILLATE pattern can be programmed from any operator station that has the OSC button. See Operator Station Label or Fig 6.2.4.1 for instructions.

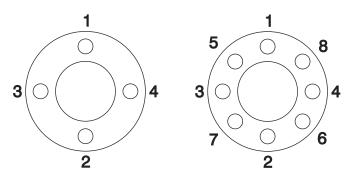
The STOW feature allows the user to move the monitor, with one touch of a button, to a safe position before moving the fire truck. The monitor will always move to two end stops to verify the correct position of user choice. During the programming procedure the user has the ability to select which axis moves first. This is helpful to avoid lights, hoses, obstructions, etc. The user can program up to 10 points of movement to reach the final STOW position. The STOW pattern can be programmed from any operator station that has the STOW button.

4.0 INSTALLATION

4.1 STRUCTURAL REQUIREMENTS FOR MONITOR MOUNTING

The structure that the Monsoon Monitor is mounted to must withstand the internal pressure of the monitor as well as shear and bending forces due to nozzle reaction. Nozzle reaction can be as high as 1,500 lbs (700 kg) (2000 gpm at 200 psi).

For flanged connections the use of flat flanges without raised faces is recommended. Use a full-face gasket as defined in SME 16.21 or ISO 7483. Tighten flange bolts in an alternating sequence as shown in figure 4A. Tighten to 76-80 ft-lb (100-110 Newton-Meters).



Tighten sequentially each bolt three times.

Fig 4.1A Flange Bolt Tightening Sequence



Injury can result from an inadequately supported monitor. The monitor mount must be capable of supporting the nozzle reaction force which can be as high as 1500 lbs (700 kg). Flanges and pipe made from plastic are inadequate for monitor mounting and must not be used. This monitor is not recommended for portable use.

4.2 INLET FITTING OR EXTEND-A-GUN RC INSTALLATION

The Monsoon Monitor is available with various inlet fittings as shown in fig 3.3A. When the inlet fittings are used see figure 4.2A for the addition to overall height. The Monsoon Monitor also connects directly to TFT's Extend-A-Gun RC3 or RC4. The fittings and Extend-A-Gun RC are attached to the monitor by means of a threaded joint with an o-ring seal. Once in the proper orientation the threaded joint is locked from rotation by two 1/4-28 button head cap screws as shown in figure 4.2B. This makes for easy removal of the monitor since the large threads of the joint are not tightened and do not have any thread locking compounds on them. It is best to install the inlet fitting or Extend-A-Gun RC to the apparatus and than install the monitor to the inlet fitting or Extend-A-Gun RC. This gives more room to install the bolts in the case of flanged fittings. Referring to figures 4.2B, 4.2C and 4.2D the installation sequence is as follows:

- 1) Install inlet fitting or Extend-A-Gun RC to apparatus.
 - Mount so that 180 degree apart threaded crossholes will give desired direction relative to the "Straight Ahead Reference Mark" when the monitor is installed. See figure 4.4A.
- 2) Screw monitor onto inlet fitting or Extend-A-Gun RC until threaded joint bottoms out.
 - Do not use pipe dope or Loctite on the inlet base threads. These threads are sealed with an o-ring. The use of thread locking compounds will make removal difficult.
- 3) Unscrew monitor slightly until a pair of 90 degree apart slots lines up with the 180 degree apart threaded crossholes in the inlet fitting or Extend-A-Gun RC.
 - · Orient monitor so that the Straight Ahead Reference Mark is facing the desired direction.
 - Slots will line up with threaded crossholes every 90 degrees of rotation.
 - Monitor may be unscrewed up to one full turn from the bottomed out position.
- 4) Install $\frac{1}{4}$ -28 by $\frac{1}{2}$ long button head cap screws and washers in the two threaded crossholes. Use Loctite #271 on the threads of the button head cap screws. Allow Loctite to fully cure before applying water pressure.

MODEL	INLET FITTING TYPE	ADDITIONAL HEIGHT
Y4-*1*A	3" ANSI 125/150	0.75"
	DN8, PN20	20mm
Y4-*2*A	4" ANSI 150	0.94"
	DN100, PN20	23mm
Y4-*4*A	DN80, PN16	2.80"
		22mm
Y4-*5*A	DN100,PN16	2.80"
		22mm
Y4-*6*A	3" NPT FEMALE	2.00"
		51mm
Y4-*7*A	4" NPT FEMALE	1.75"
		45mm
Y4-*8*A	3" BSP MALE	2.30"
		58mm
Y4-*9*A	4"BSP MALE	2.30"
		58mm

Fig 4.2A Additional Height for Inlet Fittings

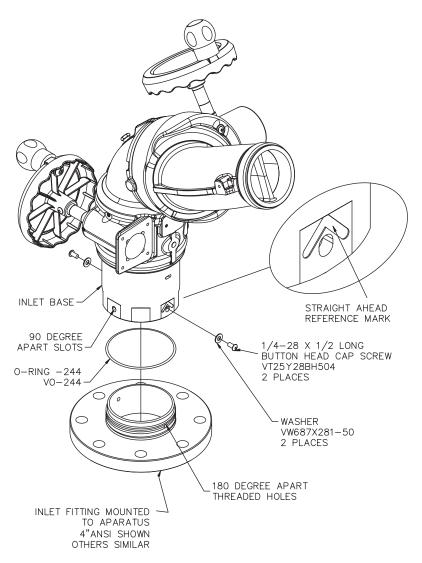


Fig 4.2B Inlet Fitting Connection

4.2 INLET FITTING OR EXTEND-A-GUN RC INSTALLATION

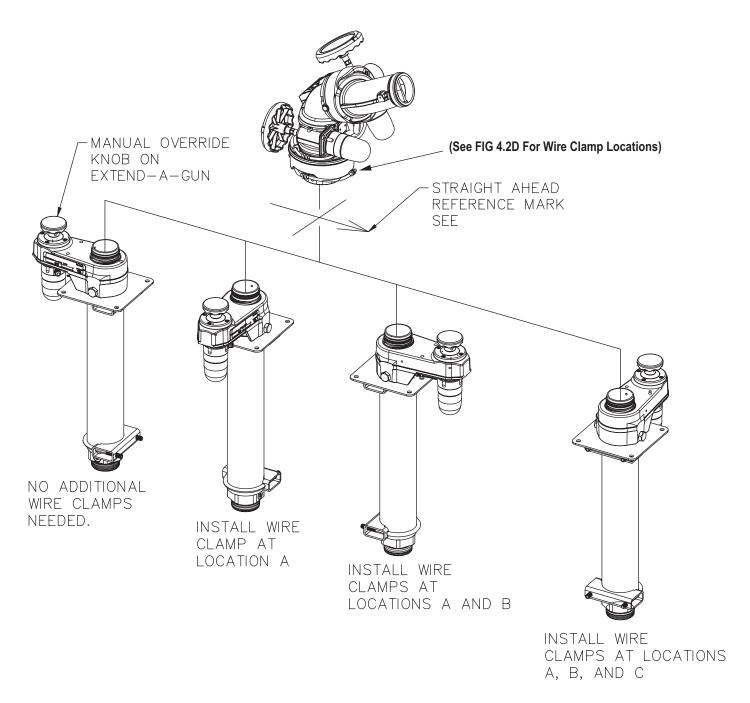


Fig 4.2C Possible Extend-A-Gun RC Mounting Orientations (See FIG 4.2D For Wire Clamp Locations)

The Extend-A-Gun manual overide knob may be mounted in any of four possible orientations (90 degrees apart) relative to the Straight Ahead Reference Mark on the monitor. Install additional wire clamps as shown in figure 4.2D. Measure 42 inches of wire between the last wire clamp on the monitor and the wire clamp on the Extend-A-Gun RC. Install the wire so that it winds one and one-half times around the Extend-A-Gun RC tube.

NOTE: Monsoon monitor, for use with Extend-A-Gun RC, comes with the wire installed in a nylon tube. The nylon tubing gives the wire additional stiffness so it better follows as the Extend-A-Gun RC extends or retracts. A fitting is also supplied and is to be used where the nylon tubing and wire pass though the deck.

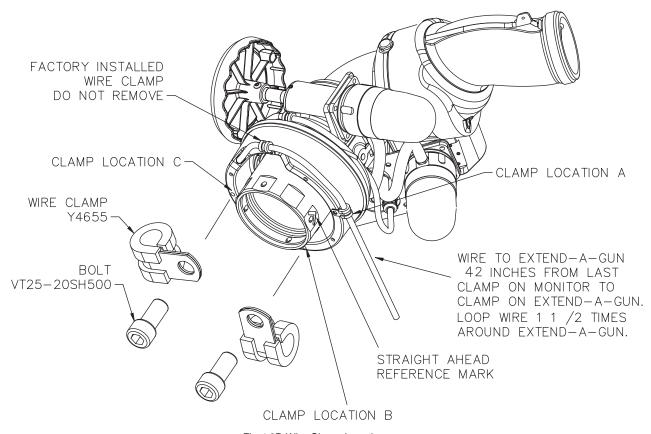


Fig 4.2D Wire Clamp Locations

(See fig 4.2C Possible Extend-A-Gun RC Mounting Orientations)

4.2.1 ADDITIONAL WIRE CLAMPS FOR EXTEND-A-GUN RC

For the Extend-A-Gun RC: Install the supplied wire clamps to the bottom of the lower wire skirt as shown in figures 4.2C and 4.2D. The purpose of the additional wire clamps (if needed) is to give a known direction and anchor position to the wire for proper operation with the Extend-A-Gun RC's wire anchor point. Length of wire from last clamp on Monitor to clamp on Extend-A-Gun to be 42 inches. **WIRE MUST WRAP 1.5 TURNS AROUND EXTEND-A-GUN**.

4.3 NOZZLE INSTALLATION

The nozzle is simply screwed onto the monitor's exit threads. If the nozzle is installed on a Monsoon RC (with electric motors) assure that the nozzle's coupling does not make contact with the horizontal drive motor housing when the monitor is in it's lowest elevation position.

For nozzles with electric pattern control a wire is provided at the outlet of the Monsoon RC. This wire has a waterproof connector and attaches directly to TFT's electric Masterstream 1250 or 2000 nozzle. Any other nozzle should have the corresponding male electrical connector installed. The waterproof cap should be installed when using stacked tips. **Do not cut off the female connector on the monitor. This connector is molded onto the wire and must remain on to maintain the watertightness of the electrical system.**



The nozzle threads must match the threads of the Monsoon monitor in both size and type. Mismatched or damaged threads may cause the nozzle to leak or uncouple under pressure and could cause injury.



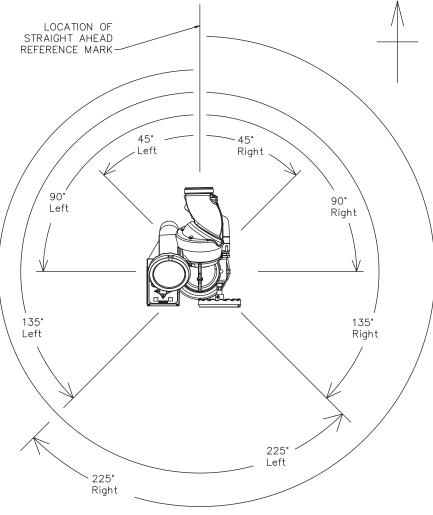
Do not connect aluminum to brass or brass to aluminum. Dissimilar metals coupled together can cause galvanic corrosion that will freeze the threaded joint or cause complete loss of thread engagement. If dissimilar metals must be coupled together, the effects of corrosion can be greatly delayed by various coatings on the metal such as powder paint, hard anodizing, or silicone grease.

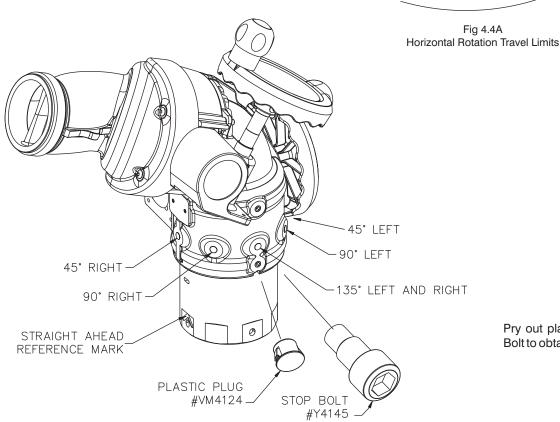
4.4 HORIZONTAL ROTATION TRAVEL STOPS

The range of horizontal rotation travel for the manual Monsoon monitor is continuous 360 degrees. The motorized version is limited to 450 degrees total horizontal rotation travel or 225 degrees from either side of a straight ahead position. Horizontal rotation travel stop bolts may be installed in the monitor to limit travel as shown in figures 4.4A and 4.4B. Note that left and right are relative to the "Straight Ahead Reference Mark" (the Straight Ahead Reference Mark is shown in figures 4.2B and 4.2D) and refer to the nozzle's discharge direction as seen from an operator's position behind the nozzle. Figures 4.4A and 4.4B show the range of travel for the various stop bolt locations and give installation notes.

Electric model with no stop bolts installed has 225° left and right horizontal rotation travel limits.

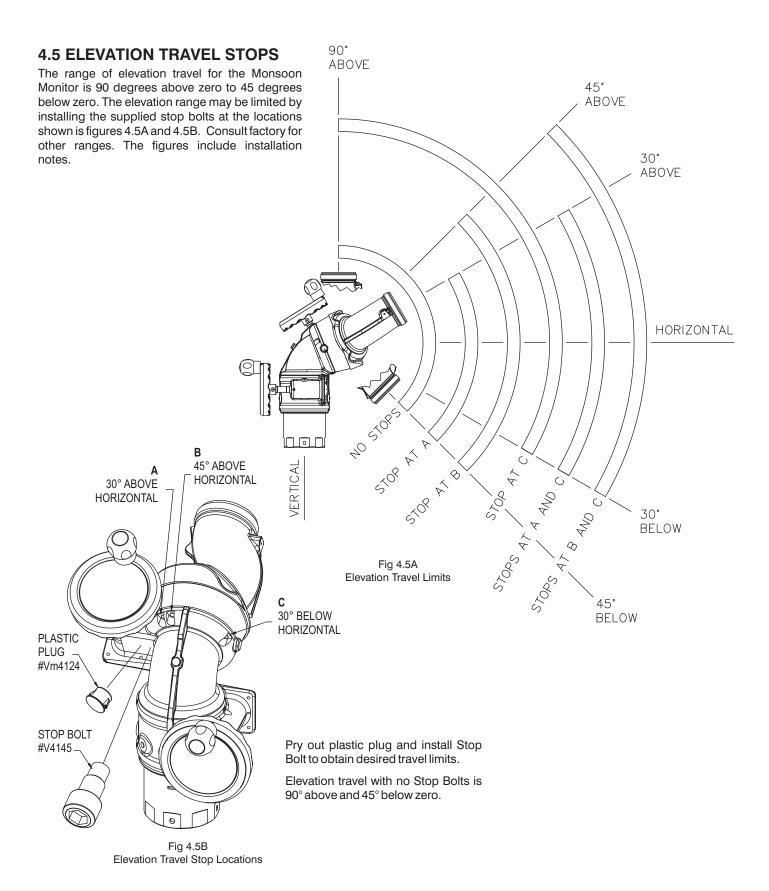
Manual model with no stop bolts installed has continuous 360° horizontal rotation travel.





Pry out plastic plug and install Stop Bolt to obtain desired travel limits.

Fig 4.4B Horizontal Rotation Travel Stop Locations



4.6 PRESSURE GAGE PORT

There is a ¼" npt female threaded hole on the back of the monitor. The hole is plugged from the factory. If a pressure gage is desired, unscrew the plug and install the gage using pipe sealant. Make sure the gage does not interfere with the elevation handwheel.

4.7 DRAIN

There is no drain on the Monsoon Monitor itself. A drain valve should be installed on the monitor's inlet piping.

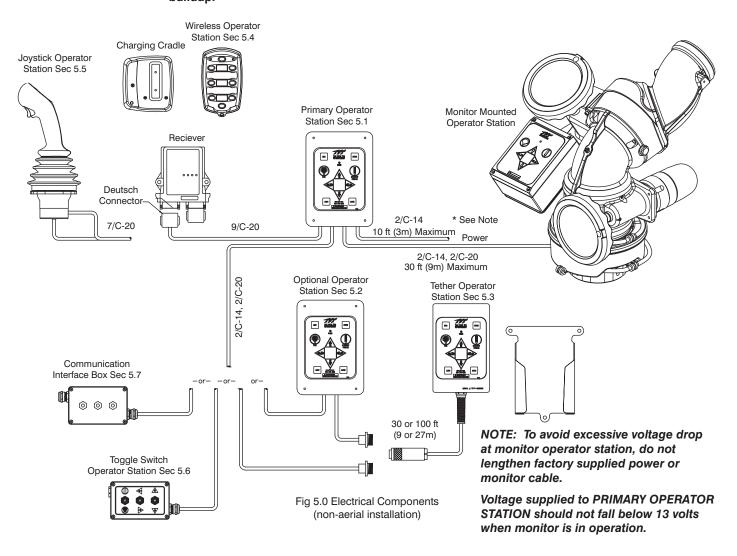
5.0 ELECTRICAL CONTROLS INSTALLATION

The electric RC monitor is supplied with a monitor mounted operator station. The wiring on the monitor and for this operator station is factory installed. The assembly is supplied with a 30-foot length of cable for connection to the operator control stations as shown in figure 5.0 or directly to a protected voltage supply. This cable has 4-conductors which supply power and the communications from the operator stations to the monitor. To complete the installation, the installer will need to mount and wire the selected operator stations. The power supply for the monitor will need to be connected to a protected circuit from the truck's power distribution center. Refer to the specifications section for nominal current draw.

- Good mechanical connections on the wires are absolutely necessary and should be checked periodically. Poor electrical connections can cause power loss to the monitor and be a fire hazard.
- Careful selection of wiring is critical to avoid excessive voltage drop.
- Be careful to route cables in a protected area away from high heat sources.
- Use grommets whenever wires pass through holes to prevent damage due to snags, abrasions, etc.
- Secure cables close to control box with plastic wire ties or cable clamps to relieve stress on the cables.
- Disconnect power before installing or servicing the electrical components. The RC monitor control boxes and motors are not rated as ignition proof, explosion proof, or intrinsically safe.



The electric motors and other components are ignition sources. The electric drives should be operated only in areas where there is adequate ventilation and no hazard of flammable vapor buildup.



Recommended Tool List

11/32" nut driver Wire cutter/stripper Terminal crimping tool Utility knife 20mm open-end box wrench 17mm open-end box wrench 5/32" drill bit 25/32" drill bit #2 Phillips screwdriver Small flat blade screwdriver

5.1 PRIMARY MONITOR OPERATOR STATION

This operator station will include the wiring connections for the cable from the monitor and the incoming power. In many installations this operator station will also include the wiring connections for the wireless, joystick, or tether operator station. The enclosure is designed to be recess mounted in a panel.

5.1.1 MOUNTING

Select proper operator location. Panel space required will be 5-1/8" x 7-7/16" (142×200 mm). A depth of 3 1/2" (89mm) will be required behind the panel. Additional space will be required where the cables exit the back of the enclosure. Refer to Figure 5.1.1 for cutout dimensions.

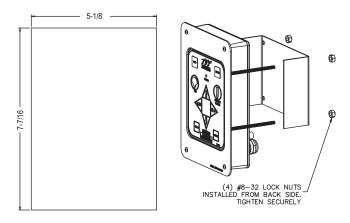


Fig 5.1.1
Primary & Optional Operator Stations Cutout Dimensions

5.1.2 ELECTRICAL WIRING

After selecting and mounting the desired operator stations, refer to Figure 5.1.2B-E for wiring connections. Refer to Figure 5.1.2A for typical cable preparation. Be sure to tighten all terminal block screws securely.

Receiver Cable Wire Color	Termination Point In Operator Station		
RED	RED (+)		
BLACK	BLACK (-)		
GREEN/BLACK	UP		
WHITE/BLACK	DOWN		
WHITE	LEFT		
ORANGE/BLACK	RIGHT		
BLUE	FOG		
ORANGE	STRAIGHT STREAM		
GREEN	NOT USED (CUT)		

Fig 5.1.2 Wireless Operator Station Wiring Color Code

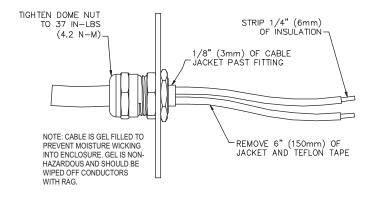


Fig 5.1.2A
Typical Cable Preparation

FROM/TO MONITOR OR OPERATOR STATION

Refer to Figure 5.1.2B for connections.

FROM/TO TETHER OR OPT. OPERATOR STATION

 $Remove\ rubber\ plug\ in\ hole\ labeled\ WIRELESS\ OPER.\ STATION\ and\ discard.\ Refer\ to\ Figure\ 5.1.2C\ for\ connections.$

WIRELESS OPERATOR STATION

Plug end of cable with Deutsch connector into gray receptacle on receiver. Make sure connector snaps into place.

Remove rubber plug in hole labeled WIRELESS OPER. STATION and discard.

Refer to Figure 5.1.2D for connections. Refer to Figure 5.1.2 for wire color designations.

MAIN POWER CONNECTION TO TRUCK

Route cable and connect to a protected circuit from the truck's power distribution center. Connect the red wire to positive and the black wire to negative (ground). Refer to Figure 5.1.2E for connections.

IMPORTANT!!

When mechanical installation and electrical connections are complete, perform the following test to verify voltage supply is adequate and the current limiting feature is functioning.

- 1) Apply power to monitor control box.
- 2) Press LEFT or RIGHT button and hold until monitor reaches its stop position. Continue to hold button down.
- 3) Once movement is stopped, manually turn override knob in opposite direction while continuing to hold button down. If knob can be turned, then voltage supply is adequate. If knob cannot be turned and motor continues to operate, then the voltage supply or wiring is not adequate. Check connections and voltage connection point, rewire if necessary. **NOTE: Override knob will only turn in one direction.**

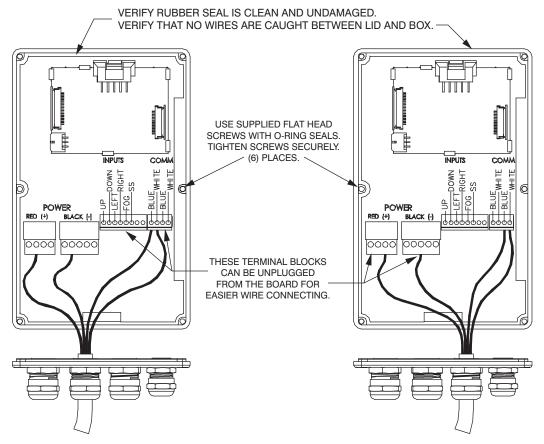
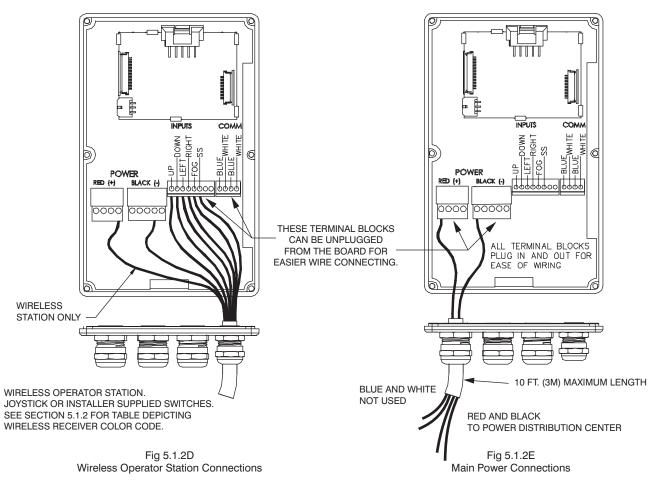


Fig 5.1.2B
From/To Monitor Or Operator Station Connections

Fig 5.1.2C From/To Tether, Optional Operator Station, Toggle Switch Operation Station, or Communication Interface Box



5.2 OPTIONAL MONITOR OPERATOR STATIONS

The electronic package for the Monsoon RC is designed for multiple operator stations. The operator stations use a RS-485 communication design and the communication boards in each station are connected in series. This gives the flexibility to choose more than one location on a truck to operate the monitor. To install multiple operator stations, complete the following instructions in this section and repeat for each additional station. The enclosure is designed to be recess mounted in a panel.

5.2.1 MOUNTING

See section 5.1.1

5.2.2 ELECTRICAL WIRING

See section 5.1.2

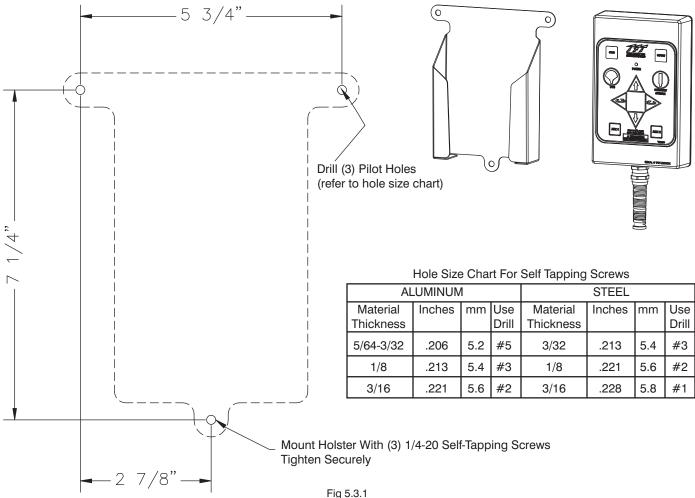
5.3 TETHER MONITOR OPERATOR STATION

This operator station will have a factory installed 4-conductor cable, which will act as a tether, with a plug on the end. The installer will need to mount the holster and receptacle. Since the communication boards are connected in series, the receptacle for the tether operator station needs to be wired into the last primary or optional operator station (if multiple recessed operator stations are installed, refer to section 5.2).

The holster is supplied with $\#\frac{1}{4}$ -20 stainless steel self-tapping screws. Make sure the material beneath the bracket is substantial and thick enough to hold self-tapping screws. Make sure the area on the back side of the mounting surface is clear of obstructions. We recommend a minimum thickness of 3/32" (.093" - 2.4 mm) in aluminum and 5/64 (.078"-2mm) in steel. See the chart in Figure 5.3.1 to determine the correct pilot hole size.

5.3.1 HOLSTER MOUNTING

Select proper location for mounting holster, preferably inside a storage compartment. Panel space required will be 6.5" x 8.0" (165 x 203mm). Refer to Figure 5.3.1 for hole dimensions. Holster can be used as template.



Tether Operator Station Holster Hole Dimensions

5.3.2 RECEPTACLE MOUNTING

Select proper location for mounting receptacle. Receptacle is 1 1/4" x 1 1/4" and 1/2" deep. Allow extra room behind receptacle for wires. Refer to Figure 5.3.2 for cutout and hole dimensions.

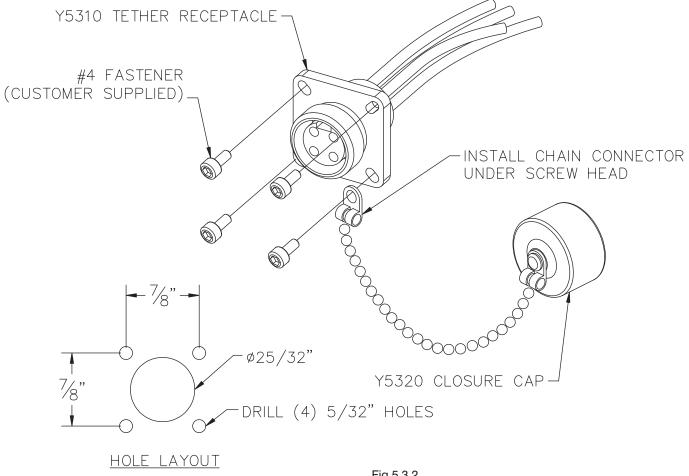


Fig 5.3.2
Tether Operator Station Receptacle
Cutout & Hole Dimensions

5.3.3 ELECTRICAL WIRING

See section 5.1.2

5.4 WIRELESS MONITOR OPERATOR STATION

This operator station consists of the wireless transmitter, receiver, receiver output cable, and charging cradle. The installer will need to mount the wireless receiver and wire it into the primary operator station. The charging cradle will need to be mounted in a weatherproof location and wired to a protected voltage supply.

The receiver is supplied with $\#\frac{1}{4}$ -20 stainless steel self-tapping screws. Make sure the material beneath the receiver is substantial and thick enough to hold self-tapping screws. Make sure the area on the back side of the mounting surface is clear of obstructions. We recommend a minimum thickness of 3/32" (.093" - 2.4 mm) in aluminum and 5/64 (.078"-2mm) in steel. See the chart in Figure 5.4.1 to determine the correct pilot hole size.

5.4.1 MOUNTING - RECEIVER

Select proper location for mounting receiver. The receiver has a built in antenna and needs to be in an open area so that it can receive the wireless signals. A location on the top of the truck is preferable. The optimal operating range is 500' (150 m). Check the operating range after mounting receiver. If range is inadequate, the receiver may need to be remounted in a more exposed area.

The receiver must be mounted so that the supplied 10' output cable can be routed back to the primary operator station. Be sure to mount receiver so that the Deutsch connector is pointing down. Receiver size is 5.1" x 4.0" (130 x 102mm). Refer to Figure 5.4.1 for hole dimensions. Receiver can be used as template.

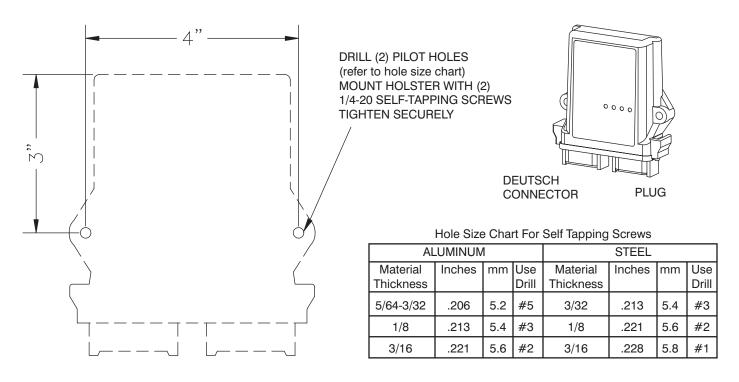


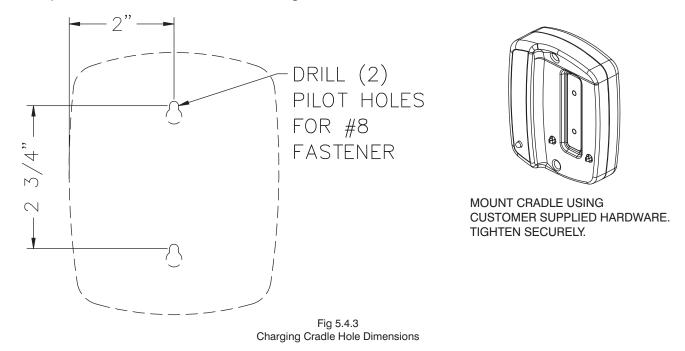
Fig 5.4.1 Wireless Receiver Hole Dimensions

5.4.2 ELECTRICAL WIRING - RECEIVER TO THE PRIMARY OPERATOR STATION

See section 5.1.2

5.4.3 MOUNTING CHARGING CRADLE

Select proper location for mounting cradle. The cradle is not weatherproof and needs to be inside a protected location such as in the cab or a compartment. Cradle size is 4.2" x 4.5". Refer to Figure 5.4.3 for hole dimensions.



5.4.4 ELECTRICAL WIRING CHARGING CRADLE

Use two (2) 1/4" spade lugs to connect power to the cradle from a protected voltage supply from the trucks power distribution center. Connect the positive lead to the terminal marked CHARGE BATT and the negative (ground) lead to the terminal marked GROUND. Do not make connections to any other terminals. The circuit from the truck power distribution center should be energized continuously to keep the transmitter fully charged.

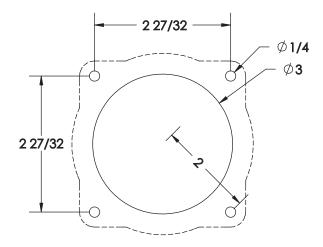
5.5 JOYSTICK MONITOR OPERATOR STATION

This operator station allows the monitor to be controlled by a joystick. The installer will need to mount the joystick and connect the cables to the communication interface box or to a primary operator station. The joystick needs to be mounted in a weatherproof location. Example: Inside the cab of the truck.

5.5.1 MOUNTING

Select proper weatherproof operating location. Joystick will require 4 ½" x 4 ½" (114 x 114mm) of panel space. A depth of 4" (100mm) will be required behind the panel. Refer to Figure 5.5.1.1 for cutout dimensions.

After mounting the installer may rotate the joystick up to 22 degrees in either direction. To rotate joystick lift the rubber boot to expose adjustable clamp. Loosen the clamping screws, rotate the joystick to desired position, and tighten clamping screws.



HOLE MOUNTING DETAIL

Fig 5.5.1.1 Joystick Operator Station Cutout and Hole Dimensions

Install joystick instruction label nearby for quick operation reference.

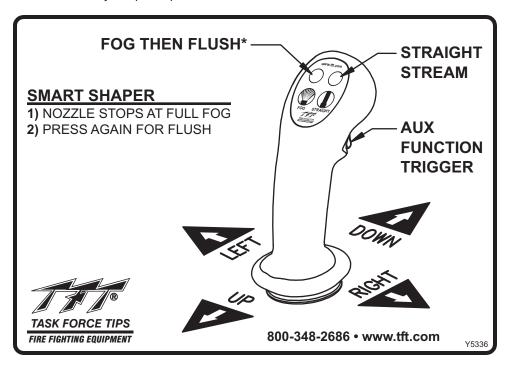


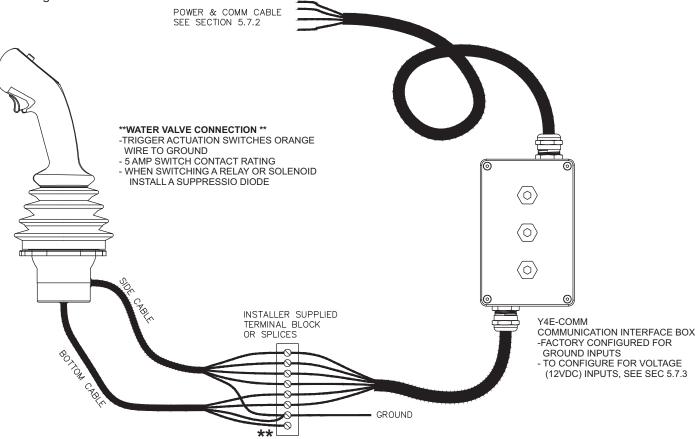
Fig 5.5.1.2 Joystick Instruction Label

5.5.2 ELECTRICAL WIRING

The joystick operator station can either be connected to an Y4E-COMM Communication Interface Box or a Y4E-RP Primary Operator Station. When a pump panel operator station is needed, the installer can connect the joystick to the Primary Operator Station, which will eliminate the need to buy another component. By connecting the joystick to a communication interface box, a pump panel mounted operator station is not needed and the installer has the option to enable the joystick operator station with the master override feature (see Section 6.2.2).

5.5.2.1 Wiring to a Communication Interface Box

The joystick cables will be connected to the factory supplied 10' cable from the Communication Interface Box. See figure 5.5.1 for mounting.



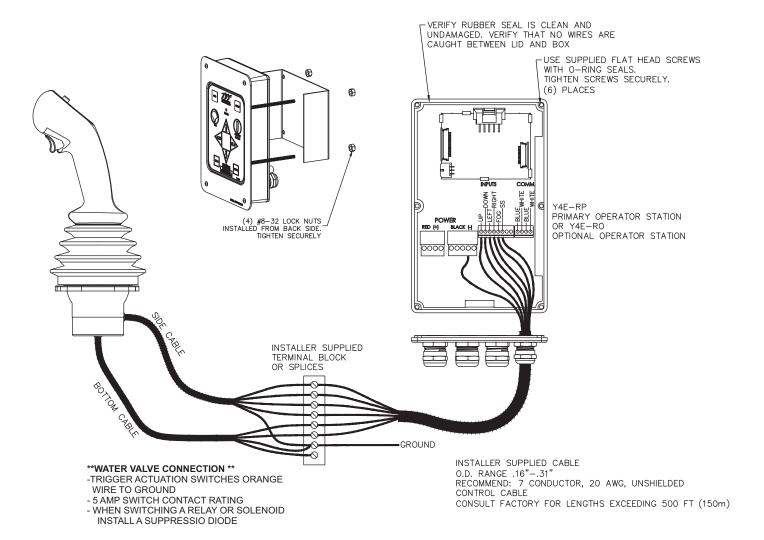
Side Cable						
Function Joystick Interface Bo Cable Color Cable Color						
UP	Green	WHITE				
DOWN	Black	BLUE				
LEFT	Brown	YELLOW				
RIGHT	White	BROWN				
COMMON	Red	GROUND				

Bottom Cable				
Function	Joystick Cable Color	Interface Box Cable Color		
STREAM	Green	ORANGE		
FOG	Blue	GREEN		
TRIGGER	Orange	Water Valve**		
n/u	White	n/u		
n/u	Brown	n/u		
n/u	Black	n/u		
COMMON	Red	GROUND		

NOTE Do not connect 12VDC to Communication Interface Box wires if configured for GROUND inputs. This will result in damage to the communication board. See section 5.7.3.

5.5.2.2 Wiring to a Primary Operator Station

The joystick cable will enter the primary operator station through the connector labeled WIRELESS OPER. STATION. Refer to section 5.1.2D.



Side Cable				
Function	Circuit Board Connection			
UP	Green	UP		
DOWN	Black	DOWN		
LEFT	Brown	LEFT		
RIGHT	White	RIGHT		
COMMON	Red	GROUND		

Bottom Cable					
Function	Circuit Board Connection				
STREAM	Green	SS			
FOG	Blue	FOG			
TRIGGER	Orange	Water Valve**			
n/u	White	n/u			
n/u	Brown	n/u			
n/u	Black	n/u			
COMMON	Red	GROUND			

NOTE Do not connect 12VDC to Primary Operator Station inputs. This will result in damage to the communication board.

5.6 TOGGLE SWITCH MONITOR OPERATOR STATION

This operator station allows the monitor to be controlled by three toggle switches. The installer will need to mount the operator station and connect the cable to a primary operator station or directly to the monitor.

5.6.1 ENCLOSURE MOUNTING

Select proper operator location. Enclosure is designed to be surface mounted and the size is 5° x 3° 1/8" (127 x 80mm). Height to top of switches is 3° 1/8" (80mm). Refer to Figure 5.6.1 for mounting hole dimensions.

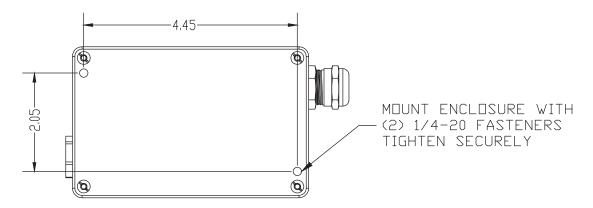


Figure 5.6.1
Toggle Switch Operator Station
Hole Dimensions

5.6.2 ELECTRICAL WIRING

See section 5.1.2C if connecting to a primary operator station. See Section 5.9 if connecting directly to the monitor.

5.7 COMMUNICATION INTERFACE BOX

This Communication Interface Box converts discrete input signals into serial communications for controlling the monitor. The discrete input signals can be from a joystick, toggle switches, relay contacts or Canbus output module. The interface box accepts ground signals, but can be field changed to accept +12 volt signals. The installer will need to mount the interface box and connect the cable to a primary operator station or directly to the monitor.

5.7.1 ENCLOSURE MOUNTING

Select proper enclosure location. Enclosure is designed to be surface mounted and the size is $5" \times 3 \times 1/8"$ (127 x 80mm). Height of enclosure is 23/8" (60mm). Refer to Figure 5.6.1 for mounting hole dimensions.

5.7.2 ELECTRICAL WIRING

See section 5.1.2C if connecting to a primary operator station. See section 5.9 if connecting directly to the monitor.

5.7.3 CHANGING INPUTS TO ACCEPT POSITIVE INSTEAD OF NEGATIVE

The Communication Interface Box is shipped from the factory configured to accept ground input signals, but can be field changed to accept +12 volt DC input signals. To change the configuration:

1. Remove lid from enclosure.

2. Move MODE jumper onto both pins.

3. Replace lid. Verify rubber seal is clean and undamaged. Verify that no wires are caught between lid and box.

MOVE JUMPER TO BOTH PINS

Figure 5.7.3 Communication Interface Box

5.8 CONNECTING MONITOR CABLE DIRECTLY TO PROTECTED POWER SUPPLY

The electric RC monitor has an operator station, which is fully functional, mounted on the monitor. If no other operator stations are selected, the installer will only need to connect power to complete the installation.

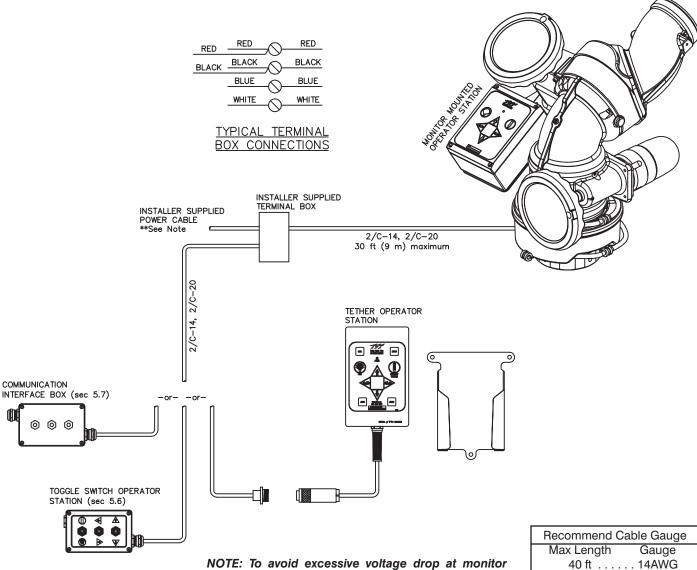
5.8.1 ELECTRICAL WIRING

Route cable from monitor and connect to a protected circuit from the truck's power distribution center. Connect the red wire to positive and the black wire to negative (ground). Cut and discard blue and white wires.

5.9 OPERATOR STATION INSTALLATION DIRECTLY TO MONITOR

The electric RC monitor can be directly connected to a protected power supply, see section 5.8, and then be controlled by on of the following without the use of a Y4E-RP, primary operating station.

- Tether Operator Station, see section 5.3 for holster and receptacle mounting.
- Toggle Switch Operator Station, see section 5.6 for mounting.
- · Communication Interface Box, see section 5.7 for mounting.



NOTE: To avoid excessive voltage drop at monitor operator station, do not lengthen factory supplied monitor cable. Power cable selection is critical.

Voltage supplied to TERMINAL BOX should not fall below 13 volts when monitor is in operation.

Recommend Cable Gauge				
Max Length	Gauge			
40 ft	14AWG			
65 ft	12AWG			
80 ft	. 2-14AWG			
105 ft	10AWG			
130 ft	. 2-12AWG			

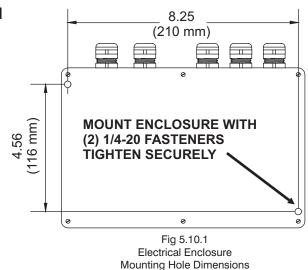
Fig 5.9
Electrical Components
(tether operating station only installations)

5.10 MONSOON RC AERIAL TRUCK INSTALLATION

When installing the electric RC monitor on an aerial device truck, refer to Figure 5.10.2.1 and 5.10.2.2.

5.10.1 ELECTRONICS ENCLOSURE MOUNTING

Select proper enclosure location. Enclosure is designed to be surface mounted and the size is 5 3/4" x 8 3/4" (146 x 222mm). Height of enclosure is 2 1/4" (57mm). Refer to Figure 5.10.1 for mounting hole dimensions.



5.10.2 ELECTRICAL WIRING

- On aerial devices the installer will supply the required cables that run up the ladder or boom. Be sure to perform voltage drop calculations to verify that the supply voltage will remain at an acceptable level during monitor operation.
- In installations where the minimum voltage cannot be maintained, an auxiliary battery pack is available, part #Y4E-AB. Consult factory for specifications and installation details.

5.10.2.1 LADDER INSTALLATION ELECTRICAL WIRING (-L MODELS)

The electronics enclosure converts discrete input signals into serial communications for controlling the monitor. The discrete input signals can be from a joystick, toggle switches, relay contacts or Canbus output module. The electronic interface accepts +12 volt signals, but can be field changed to accept ground signals.

The electronics enclosure is configured so that signals connected to the PRIMARY CONTROL cable will override any other operator stations (see section 6.2.1).

See Figure 5.10.2.1 for wiring connections

RED

BLACK

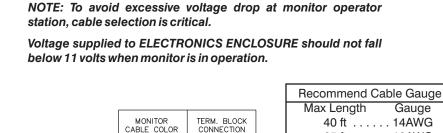
BLUE

WHITE

PRIMARY CONTROL

HIRD

ELECTRONICS ENCLOSURE



RED (+)

BLACK (-)

BLUE

WHITE

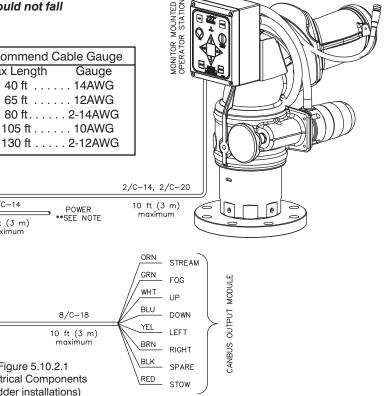


Figure 5.10.2.1

Electrical Components

(ladder installations)

2/C-14

10 ft (3 m) maximum

POWER SEE NOTE

8/C-18

10 ft (3 m)

5.10.2.2 PLATFORM INSTALLATION ELECTRICAL WIRING (-P MODELS)

The electronics enclosure converts discrete input signals into serial communications for controlling the monitor. The discrete input signals can be from a joystick, toggle switches, relay contacts or Canbus output module. The electronic interface accepts +12 volt signals, but can be field changed to accept ground signals.

The electronics enclosure is configured so that signals connected to the PRIMARY CONTROL cable will override any other operator stations (see section 6.2.1).

See Figure 5.10.2.2 for wiring connections.

NOTE: To avoid excessive voltage drop at monitor operator station, cable selection is critical.

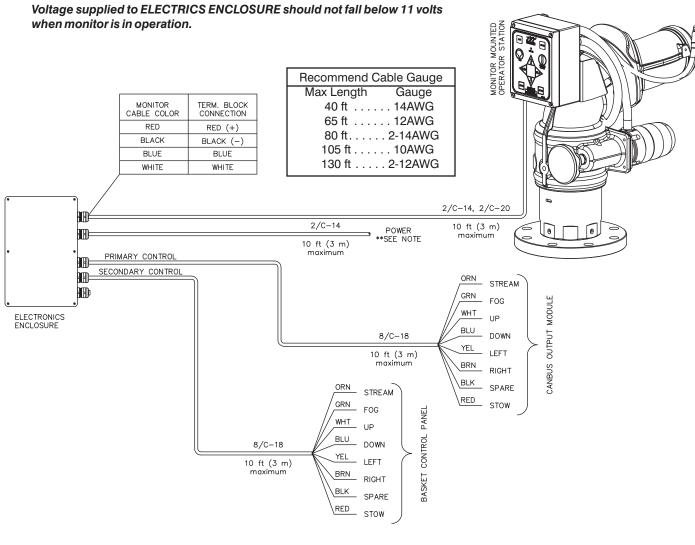


Figure 5.10.2.2 Electrical Components (platform installations)

5.11 ELECTRIC NOZZLE ACTUATOR WIRING

The electric Monsoon RC monitor is designed to control and is factory wired for an electric actuated nozzle. A Task Force Tips, Inc. Masterstream 1250 or 2000 nozzle is available with the proper electric connection. After mounting the Masterstream 1250 or 2000 nozzle onto the monitor, plug the male cord from the nozzle into the female cord located on the outlet of the monitor. Make sure the two coupling nuts are tightened securely to ensure a proper watertight seal.

If retrofitting an existing TFT nozzle, a male cord (TFT #Y5285) can be purchased and installed in place of the existing actuator cord. Please consult factory for installation.

6.0 OPERATION

6.1 MANUAL MODEL

6.1.1 HORIZONTAL ROTATION CONTROL

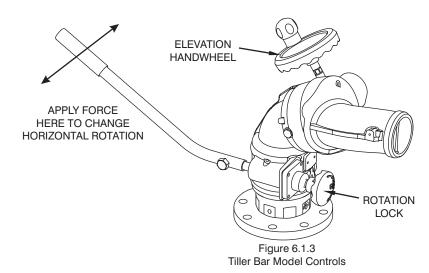
A handwheel controls the monitor's horizontal rotation direction. Clockwise rotation of the handwheel moves the nozzle to the left and counter-clockwise rotation to the right. Approximately 14 turns of the handwheel will give a 90 degree change in horizontal rotation direction.

6.1.2 ELEVATION CONTROL

A handwheel controls the monitor's elevation direction. Clockwise rotation of the handwheel raises the elevation and counterclockwise lowers it. About 50 turns of the handwheel will give the complete 135 degree elevation travel range of the monitor.

6.1.3 TILLER BAR MODEL

On the Tiller Bar model the horizontal rotation is changed by pushing or pulling horizontally on the Tiller Handle. Twisting the Rotation Locking Knob clockwise will increase the drag on the lower swivel joint to "lock" the monitor in a particular direction. See figure 6.1.3 for the Tiller Bar model controls.





Injury can result from the monitor changing direction due to an off center nozzle reaction. An off center nozzle reaction may be caused by debris in the nozzle causing an asymmetrical stream. Always keep the rotation lock tight when not rotating the monitor. Always keep one hand on the tiller handle when loosening the locking knob. Where continuous 360 degree rotation of the monitor is not needed it is recommended that the Horizontal Rotation Stop Bolts (see section 4.4 for Stop Bolt locations) be installed to reduce any chance of the monitor spinning due to an off center nozzle reaction caused by debris trapped in the nozzle.

6.2 ELECTRICAL MODEL

6.2.1 OPERATOR STATIONS

The electric Monsoon RC monitor has seven different styles of operator stations for use in various locations on the fire truck or fire ground.

The design of the operator station communications allows users to override commands on other stations. The "last" button pressed has control. The overridden user can regain control by releasing their button and pressing again. The wireless and joystick operator stations cannot override commands from the primary operator station they are wired into, but can override other stations.

Platform and ladder electronics enclosures are pre-configured for one set of inputs to have a master override feature. The operator station connected to these inputs, typically at the base of the ladder, will override any other operator station.

Any operator station with a communication board or connected to a communication board can be field configured with the master override feature. This allows the user to setup an operator station on the fire truck or fire ground as the master override station. See Section 6.2.2 for details.

6.2.1.1 MONITOR MOUNTED OPERATOR STATION

 $This \, operator \, station \, is \, factory \, installed \, on \, the \, monitor \, and \, is \, used \, by \, personnel \, right \, at \, the \, monitor.$

6.2.1.2 PRIMARY OPERATOR STATION

This operator station is installed on the truck, for example the pump operator's panel. It is used to operate the monitor from a location on the truck.

6.2.1.3 OPTIONAL OPERATOR STATION

This operator station allows the monitor to be operated from an additional location on the truck.

6.2.1.4 TETHER OPERATOR STATION

This operator station is tethered to the truck with either a 30 foot (9 meter) cable or a 100 foot (30.5 meter) cable. It is used to move slightly away from the truck to get a better view for redirecting the monitor.

6.2.1.5 WIRELESS OPERATOR STATION

This operator station uses RF signals to control the monitor. It is used to move far away from the truck to get a better view for redirecting the monitor. Maximum range is 500 ft (152 meters). The wireless transmitter is coded to a particular monitor so several wireless monitors may be in use at the same location without interference. It uses rechargeable batteries that will give 160 hours of continuous operation when fully charged, when not in use the wireless transmitter should be kept in its charging base. The transmitter will turn on a red LED to warn the operator when the battery charge is low. After this point there are less than 8 hours of continuous use available.

To activate the transmitter, press the green button at the top. While the transmitter is active, the yellow LED will blink continuously.

Pressing the red button at the bottom will deactivate the transmitter. The transmitter will automatically deactivate after 10 minutes if no buttons are pressed.

6.2.1.6 JOYSTICK OPERATOR STATION

This operator station is installed in a protected location and allows the monitor to be controlled by a joystick.

6.2.1.7 TOGGLE SWITCH OPERATOR STATION

This operator station allows the monitor to be operated by three toggle switches.

6.2.2 MASTER OVERRIDE FEATURE

Any operator station with a communication board can be reconfigured with the master override feature. These stations include the Y4E-RP, Y4E-RO, Y4E-CT-30, Y4E-CT-100, Y4E-TS, or any inputs connected to an Y4E-COMM. To enable the master override feature on an operator station follow these steps:

- 1. Remove lid from enclosure.
- 2. Locate DIP switches on communication board.
- 3. Slide DIP switch #1 to the ON position.
- 4. Replace lid. Verify rubber seal is clean and undamaged. Verify that no wires are caught between lid and box.

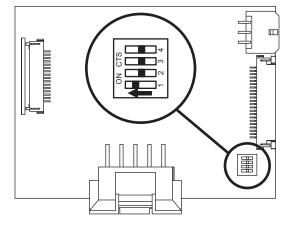


Figure 6.2.2 Master Override Setup

6.2.3 STOW FEATURE

The STOW position needs to be programmed before use. The monitor needs to "find" two (2) hard stops, one for each axis, before the monitor can move to the STOW position. When programming, the first two commands teach the monitor where to find the hard stops. This insures that the position is accurate. From that point, the operator can program the move to the STOW position. During normal operation, each time the STOW button is pressed, the monitor moves the nozzle to the full straight stream position, moves to each programmed hard stop, and then moves to the STOW position. While the monitor is performing the STOW feature, pressing any button will stop the monitor.

6.2.3.1 PROGRAMMING

Press & hold STOW button (~10 seconds) until LED blinks. Release button. LED will continue to blink while in program mode.

FIRST AXIS TO MOVE:

Press & release LEFT/RIGHT or UP/DOWN button of axis that will move first to hard stop. LED will blink rapidly when hard stop is reached.

SECOND AXIS TO MOVE:

Press & release LEFT/RIGHT or UP/DOWN button of axis that will move second to hard stop. LED will blink rapidly when hard stop is reached.

MOVE TO STOW POSITION:

Use LEFT/RIGHT or UP/DOWN buttons to move monitor to first point of stow routine, press & release STOW button. LED will blink rapidly to acknowledge position.

Repeat until pattern is complete (up to 10 points).

Press & hold STOW button until LED turns off. Release button.

6.2.3.2 STOW PROGRAMMING EXAMPLE

- Press & hold STOW button until LED blinks.
- Press & release UP button, monitor will move until hard stop reached. LED blinks rapidly.
- Press & release RIGHT button, monitor will move until hard stop reached. LED blinks rapidly.
- Press LEFT button to move 45 degrees, Press & release STOW button. LED blinks rapidly.
- Press DOWN button to move 90 degrees, Press & release STOW button. LED blinks rapidly.
- Press & hold STOW button until LED turns off.

6.2.4 OSCILLATE FEATURE

The OSCILLATE feature allows the user to program a repeating pattern to control the horizontal and vertical axes of the monitor. While in the OSCILLATE pattern, the monitor will pause while the user changes the stream pattern. Pressing any other button will stop the OSCILLATE pattern.

A label is supplied with each operator station that can be mounted on or near the station as a reminder of how to program the OSCILLATE pattern. The OSCILLATE pattern needs to be programmed before use. The pattern will be cleared each time power is cycled to the monitor.

6.2.4.1 PROGRAMMING

- Move monitor to starting point of pattern.
- Press & hold OSC button (~5 seconds) until LED blinks. Release button. LED will continue to blink while in program mode.
- Move monitor to 2nd point, press OSC button. LED will blink rapidly to acknowledge position.
- Repeat until pattern is complete (up to 65 points).
- Press & hold OSC button until LED turns off. Release button.

TO OSCILLATE: TO STOW:

Press & release OSC button. Press & release STOW button. (Pattern must be programmed first.) (Programmable, refer to manual.)



OSCILLATE PATTERN PROGRAMMING:

- 1) Move monitor to starting point of pattern.
- 2) Press & hold OSC button until LED blinks. LED will continue to blink in program mode.
- 3) Move monitor to 2nd point, press OSC button. LED will blink rapidly to acknowledge position.
- 4) Repeat until pattern is complete.
- 5) Press & hold OSC button until LED turns off.

NOTE: PATTERN WILL BE CLEARED UPON POWER LOSS.

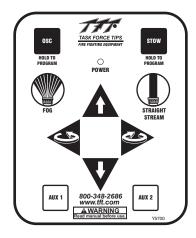
800-348-2686 www.tft.com

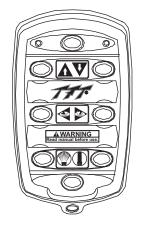
Y5705

Figure 6.2.4.1 Operator Station Label

6.2.5 OPERATOR STATION PANELS

The operator stations are all equipped with the same monitor movement functions. From the operator stations, the operator can command the monitor up, down, left, right and command the nozzle pattern shaper from fog to straight stream. Operator stations supplied with the membrane switch, shown on the left below, allow the operator to program and perform the oscillate and stow features.





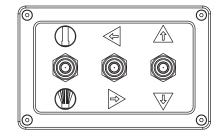


Fig 6.2.5
Operator Station Button Layouts

6.2.6 OVERRIDE HANDWHEELS

In the event of electrical system failure on the monitor or fire truck the Monsoon Monitor is factory supplied with handwheels so the monitor may be manually operated. The factory supplied handwheels are 6 inches in diameter. To make the Monsoon RC more compact the manual override handwheels may be removed. The drive shafts have a hex so a wrench or socket may be used for manual override. Each drive shaft also has a secondary hex at midshaft so the shaft may be shortened by cutting and still have a wrenching hex. The wrenching hexes are shown in figure 6.2.3.

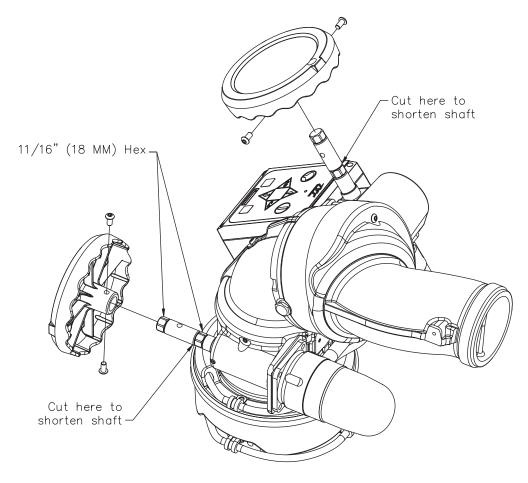


Fig 6.2.3 Wrenching Hexes on Drive Shafts

6.3 RECOMMENDED STOWING POSITION

For truck mounted applications it is recommended that the monitor be stowed in a position such that the monitor's nozzle rests against a bracket or support surface. If a support surface is not available, run the elevation against one of its travel stops to take some of the backlash out of the gear drive. This will minimize bouncing of the nozzle when the apparatus is traveling. Always be sure the monitor is properly stowed before moving the truck and know the overall height to avoid damage from overhead obstructions such as doors or bridges.

6.4 FLOWS AND PRESSURES

6.4.1 STACKED TIPS FLOW AND REACH

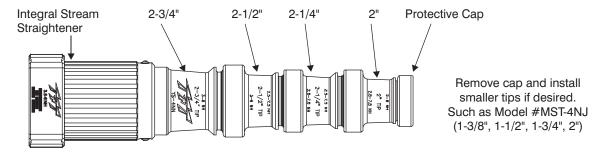


Fig 6.4.1A Stacked Tip Model YST-4NN

		Nozzle Pressure (PSI)						
Nozzle		50		60		80		100
Diameter (inches)	Flow GPM	Reaction lbf	Flow GPM	Reaction lbf	Flow GPM	Reaction lbf	Flow GPM	Reaction lbf
2	840	310	920	380	1060	500	1190	630
2.25	1060	400	1170	480	1350	640	1500	790
2.5	1310	490	1440	590	1660	790	1860	980
2.75	1590	590	1740	710	2010	950		

14.5 psi = 1 bar1 gpm = 3.785 l/min

	Nozzle Pressure (BAR)							
Nozzle	3.5			4.1		5.5	7	
Diameter	Flow	Reaction	Flow	Reaction	Flow	Reaction	Flow	Reaction
(MM)	I/min	kg	I/min	kg	I/min	kg	l/min	kg
50	3180	140	3480	170	4010	230	4500	290
57	4010	180	4430	220	5110	290	5680	360
64	4960	220	5450	270	6280	360	7040	450
70	6020	270	6590	320	7610	430		

FIG 6.4.1B Stacked Tip Flow Table

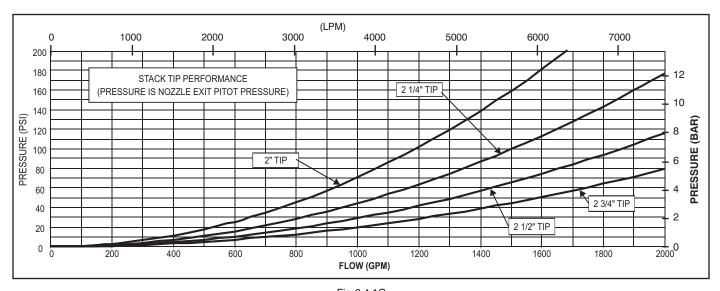
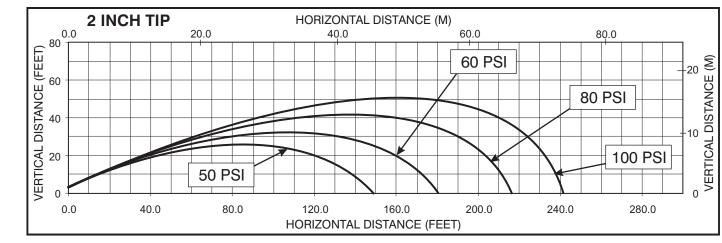
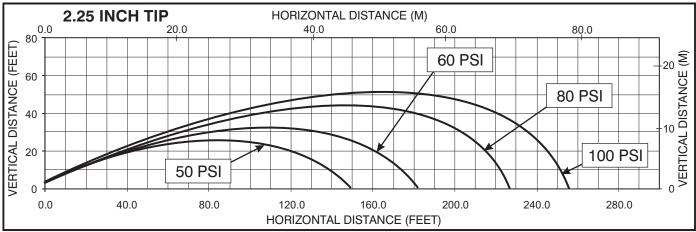
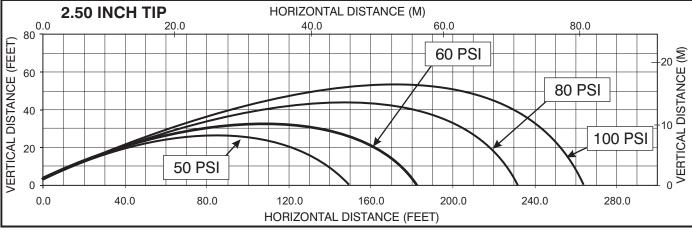


Fig 6.4.1C Stacked Tip Flow Graph







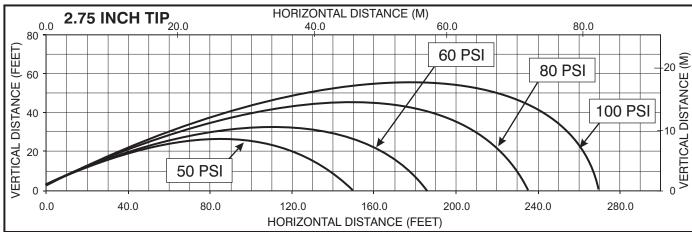


Fig 6.4.1C Stacked Tip Stream Trajectory Graphs

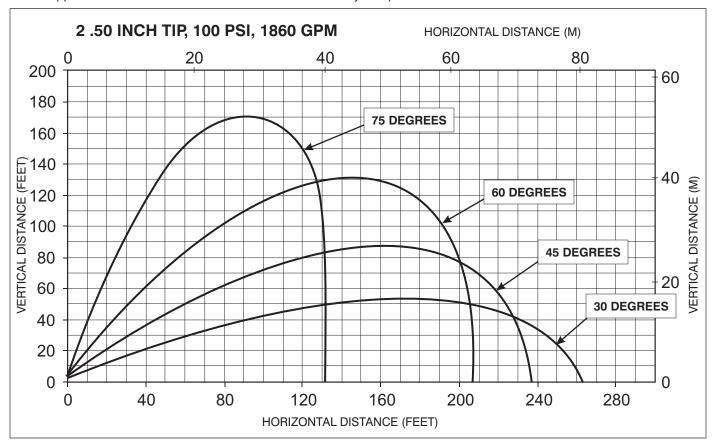


Fig 6.4.1D Effects of Elevation of Trajectory

This graph shows approximately how a moderate wind can affect stream reach. 1 ft = 0.3048 m

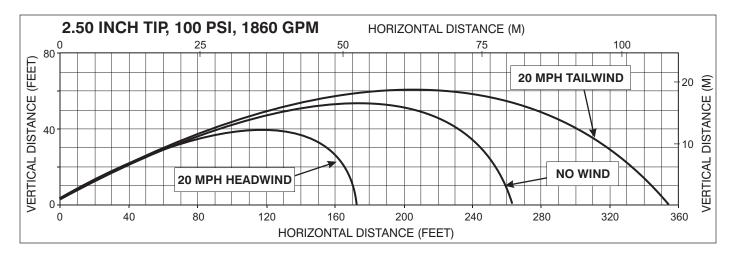
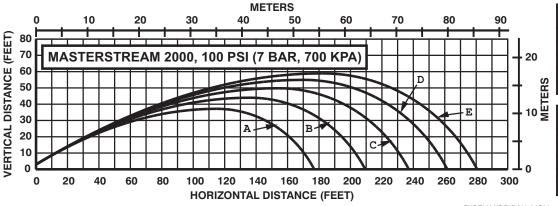


Fig 6.4.1E Effects of wind on reach

6.4.2 MASTERSTREAM 2000 NOZZLES

Automatic nozzles maintain a constant pressure by adjusting their orifice to match the available flow. Consult the nozzle manufacturer for maximum flow and pressure range. In all cases do not exceed 2000 gpm (7,600 LPM). TFT's Masterstream 2000 nozzle has a 300-2000 gpm flow range. Masterstream 2000 Nozzle operating instructions (Item Number LIM-030 are available on TFT's website: www.tft.com)



	GPM	LBS
CURVE	FLOW	REACTION
Α	300	160
В	600	300
ပ	1000	510
D	1500	760
Е	2000	1000

	LPM	KGF	
CURVE	FLOW	REACTION	
Α	1100	70	
В	2300	140	
С	3800	230	
D	5700	340	
Е	7500	450	

EXCEL\MISC\RAN_MON

6.4.3 MONSOON MONITOR FRICTION LOSS

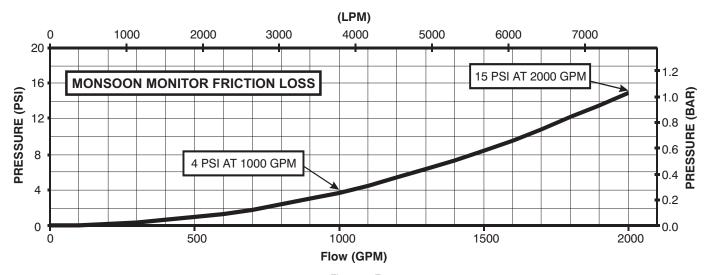


Fig 6.4.3F Monsoon Monitor Friction Loss

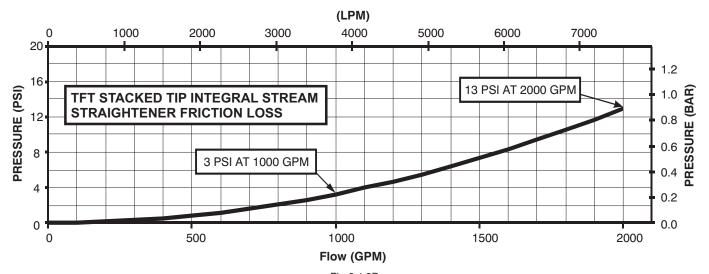
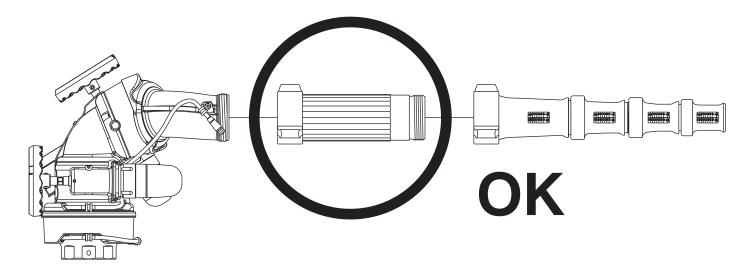


Fig 6.4.3B
TFT Stack Tip Integral Stream Straightener Friction Loss

6.5 STREAM STRAIGHTENERS

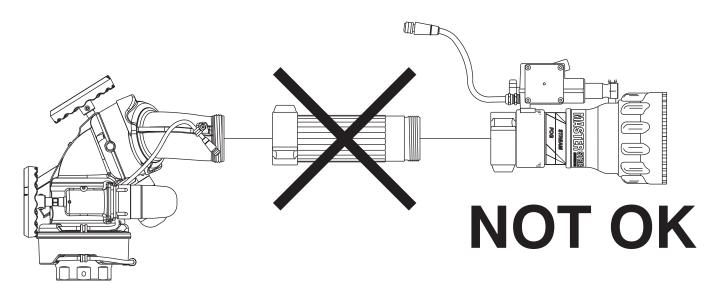
6.5.1 STREAM STRAIGHTENERS WITH STACKED TIP NOZZLES

Turbulence though the Monsoon Monitor is very low but stream quality and reach can be improved with the use of the integral stream straightener on the TFT stacked tip nozzle. See figure 6.5A for the stacked tip's integral stream straightener friction loss.



6.5.2 STREAM STRAIGHTENERS WITH FOG NOZZLES

When using a fog nozzle it is recommended that no stream straightener be used since the fog nozzle's flow path generally serves as a stream straightener. Use of a stream straightener with a fog nozzle will increase the stresses on the monitor's gear train and may lead to premature wear.



7.0 TROUBLE SHOOTING

SYMPTOM	POSSIBLE CAUSE	REMEDY		
eaks Debris or damage in seal area		Clean out debris or replace damaged parts		
Elevation Binding	Debris or damage to elevation drive parts	Clean out debris or replace damaged parts		
	Lack of lubricant	Grease, see section 8.1		
Horizontal Rotation	Debris or damage to horizontal drive parts	Clean out debris or replace damaged parts		
Binding	Lack of lubricant	Grease, see section 8.1		
No Power LED	Polarity reversed	Check wiring and reverse polarity		
Power LED On But No Operation	Low voltage due to: - wire gage too small - wire length too long - poor connection - inadequate apparatus electrical system	Check connections and wiring per section 5.1.2		
Operation only from monitor operator station. STOW, & OSC LED's blink when button pressed.	Incorrect wiring	Check blue/white communication wiring		
Operation only from monitor control station	Communication board code version incompatible	Verify code versions on monitor and all operator stations		
One Axis Fails To Operate From Any Control Station	Loose motor wiring connection	Check axis motor connection		
From Any Control Station	Bad control board	Interchange control boards and check if problem persists with same axis, If not, replace control board.		
	Bad motor	Interchange control boards and check if problem persists with same axis, If yes, replace motor.		
	Bad membrane switch	Replace membrane switch / operator station		
Vertical/Horizontial axis will not speed up	Loose encoder wiring connection	Check axis encoder connection		
wiii not speed up	Bad motor encoder	Interchange control boards and check if problem persists with same axis. If yes, replace motor.		
		Remove encoder cover and check for RED light just below disk. If no light, encoder is bad. Replace motor.		
Vertical/Horizontial axis	Loose encoder wiring connection	Check axis encoder connection		
runs only in fast speed	Bad motor encoder	Interchange control boards and check if problem persists with same axis. If yes, replace motor.		
		Remove encoder cover and check for RED light just below disk. If no light, encoder is bad. Replace motor.		
Vertical/Horizontial axis only runs ~5 seconds and	Loose encoder wiring connection	Check axis encoder connection.		
then stops.	Bad motor encoder	Interchange control boards and check if problem persists with same axis. If yes, replace motor.		
		Remove encoder cover and check for RED light just below disk. If no light, encoder is bad. Replace motor.		

8.0 MAINTENANCE AND INSPECTION

The Monsoon Monitor requires little maintenance. The monitor should be kept clean and free of dirt. All controls should be checked for freedom of movement and proper operation before each use. Consult factory for recommended service procedure. Any inoperable or damaged parts should be repaired or replaced immediately.

- · Make sure that the monitor's handwheels rotate freely and without binding throughout its range of travel.
- Make sure that there are no leaks when the monitor is flowing water.
- Make sure the nozzle is free of debris.

8.1 LUBRICATION CHART

The Monsoon monitor generally should not require greasing. In the event that the operation becomes stiff grease may be applied to the horizontal rotation and elevation worm gears. The grease is applied by removing the plugs at the grease ports and replacing with grease fittings that have ½-28 male threads. See figures 8.1A and 8.1B for grease port locations. Use medium viscosity automotive chassis grease. Apply only enough grease to restore normal operation. If normal operation is not restored by greasing than inspect for other causes of stiff operation.

Note: Do not over pump grease. The monitor's greased areas lead to large chambers that could trap several pounds of grease before becoming visible.

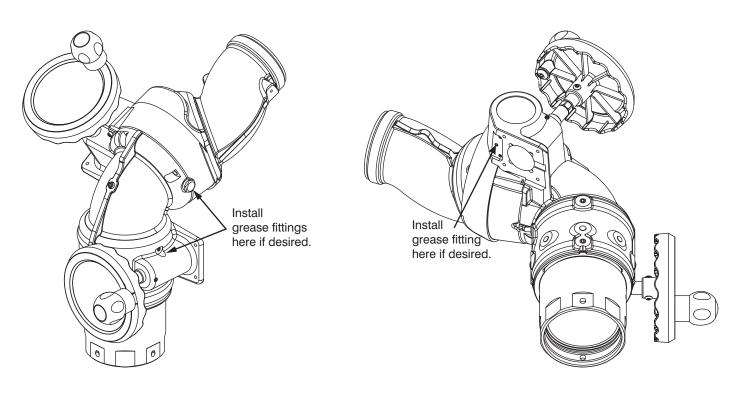
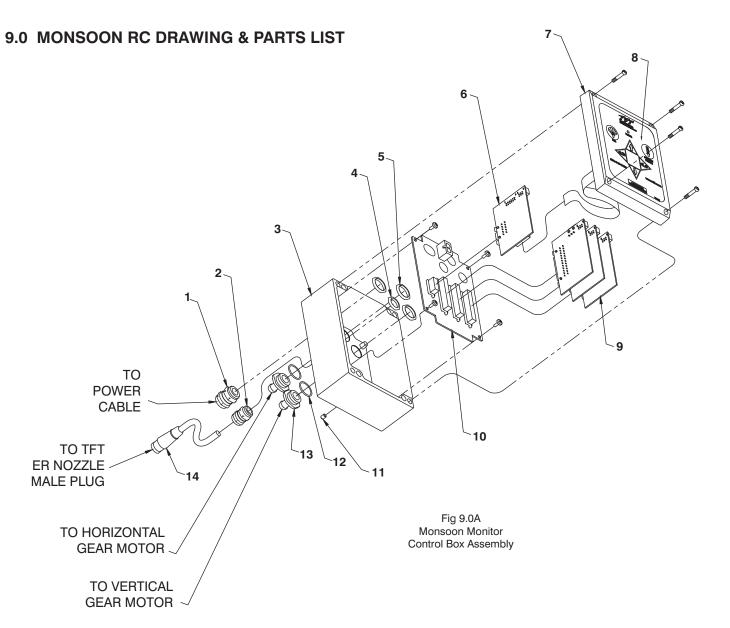


Fig 8.1A Location of Grease Port for Horizontal Rotation Worm Gear and Elevation Joint

Fig 8.1B Location of Grease Port for Elevation Worm Gear

8.2 PERFORMANCE TESTING

Performance tests should be conducted on the Monsoon Monitor after repairs are made, or any time a problem is reported to verify operation in accordance with Task Force Tips test procedures. Consult the factory for the test procedure that corresponds to the model and serial number of your monitor. Any equipment that fails the test criteria should be removed from service immediately. Equipment can be returned to the factory for service and testing.



#	DESCRIPTION	QTY.		PART NO.
1	CABLE FITTING PG11	1		Y5205
2	CABLE FITTING PG9	1		Y5245
3	ENCLOSURE - BOX	1		Y5115
4	LOCKNUT - PG9		1	Y5246
5	LOCKNUT - PG11	;	3	Y5206
6	BOARD - COMMUNICATION	1		Y5110
7	ENCLOSURE - LID	1		Y5115
8	CONTROL SWITCH PAD	1		Y5135
9	BOARD - MOTOR CONTROL	3		Y5100
10	BOARD - MAIN	1		Y5105
11	V10-32 x 1/4 SET SCREW	1		VT10Y32SS250
12	-RING-018 2		VO-018	
13	CONDUIT HOSE FITTING	2		Y5213
14	FEMALE PLUG - 2 POLE	28.0" TOTAL	23.0" EXPOSED CABLE	Y5280
	FOR MONSOON RC NOZZLE CONNECTION	LENGTH USED	(NOT INCLUDING PLUG)	

9.0 MONSOON DRAWING & PARTS LIST

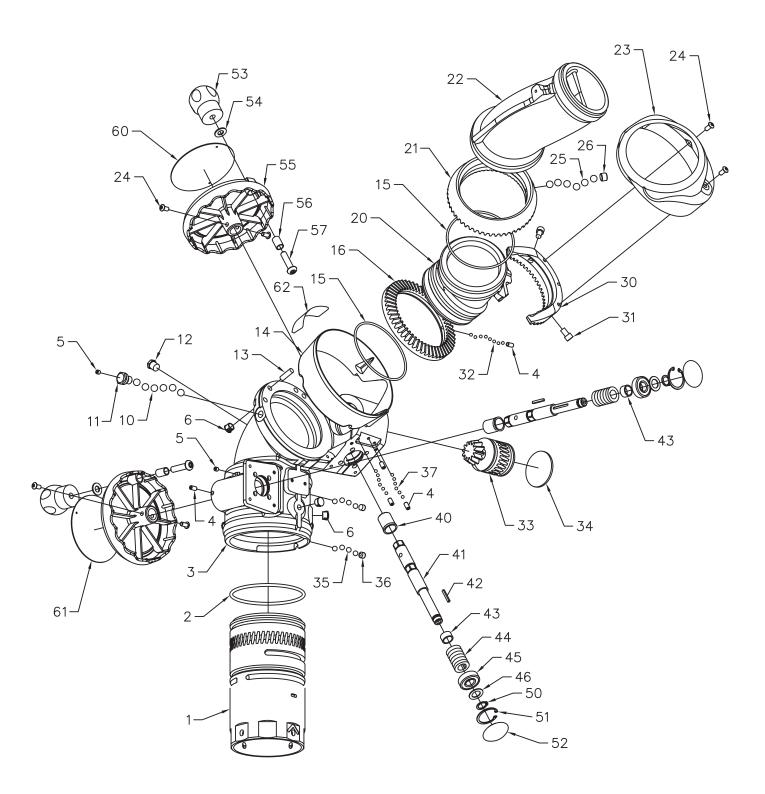
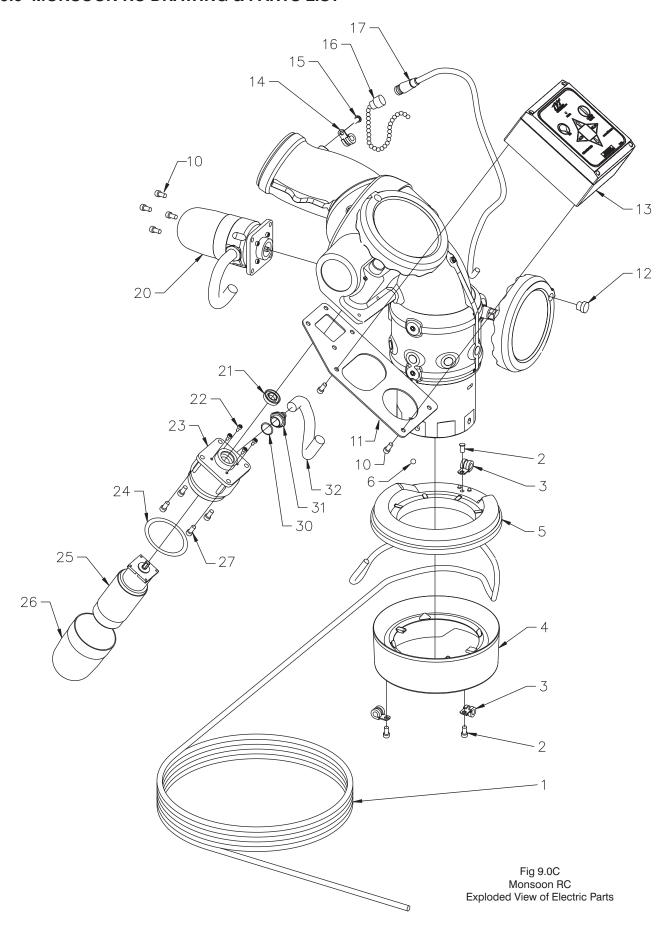


Fig 9.0B Monsoon Mechanical Parts Exploded View

#	DESCRIPTION	QTY	PART #
1	BASE CODE-RPF 4" -ALUMINUM	1	Y4400A
	BASE CODE-RLF 3" -ALUMINUM		Y44005A
2	O-RING -350 4 5/8 ID 3/16 C/S	1	VO-350
3	LOWER SEGMENT -ALUMINUM	1	Y4110A
4	1/4-28 X 1/2 SOCKET SET SCREW CUP POINT	5	VT25-28SS500
5	1/4-28 X 1/4 SOCKET SET SCREW	2	VT25-28SS250
6	HEYCO BLACK DOME PLUG #2613	8	VM4124
10	BALL 7/16" TORLON	32	VB437TO
11	BALL PORT PLUG	1	Y4155
12	1/4 NPT PLUG - HEX SOCKET	1	VFSP2M-SS
13	DOWEL PIN .3127+0001 DIA 1.00+012 LG	1	VP312X1.00
14	LOWER SHROUD	1	Y4130
15	O-RING-245 4-3/8 ID 1/8 C/S	2	VO-245
16	LOWER RING GEAR	1	Y4220
20	MIDDLE SEGMENT -ALUMINUM	1 1	Y4210A
21	UPPER RING GEAR	1	Y4320
22	UPPER SEGMENT -ALUMINUM	1	Y4310A
23	UPPER SHROUD	1	Y4240
24	1/4-20 X 3/8 BUTTON HEAD CAP SCREW	6	VT25-20BH375
25	BALL 7/16" TORLON	32	VB437TO
26	1/2-20 X 3/8 SOCKET SET SCREW CUP POINT	1	VT50-20SS375
30	HALF RING GEAR	1	Y4230
31	5/16-18 X 1/2 SOCKET HEAD CAP SCREW	2	VT31-18SH500
32	3/16" BALL - TORLON	74	V2120-TORLON
33	PINION	1	Y4120
34	PLUG 2-1/4 MOUNTING HOLE	1	Y4162
35	BALL 5/16" TORLON	49 X 2 RACES	VB.312TO
36	3/8-24 X 5/16 SOCKET SET SCREW CUP POINT	2	VT37-24SS312
37	3/16" BALL - TORLON	36 X 2 RACES	V2120-TORLON
40	HEADED BUSHING	2	Y4141
41	DRIVE SHAFT	2	Y4160
42	KEY; 1/8" X 1.00"	2	X225
43	SPACER SPACER	2	Y4150
44	12 DP WORM	2	X220
45	BEARING SKF6202-2RS SEAL BOTH SIDES	2	VM4250
46	WASHER .97 OD X .595 ID X .048 THICK	2	VW97X595-048
50	E-CLIP 5/8" EXTERNAL X .042	2	VR4295
51	SNAP RING	2	VR4220
52	PLUG 1-3/8 MOUNTING HOLE	2	Y4161
53	KNOB - SOFT TOUCH	2	A1512
53 54	WASHER .812"OD .406"ID .065"THICK	2	VW812X406-65
55 55	HANDWHEEL	2	X281
	CRANK BUSHING	2	A1513
56 57		2	
57	3/8-16 X 1-1/2 BUTTON HEAD CAP SCREW		VT37-16BH1.5
60	HANDWHEEL LABEL; DOWN <-> UP	1 1	Y4175
61	HANDWHEEL LABEL; RIGHT <-> LEFT	1	Y4170
62	NAME LABEL: MONSOON RC	1	Y4180
	NAME LABEL: MONSOON (MANUAL MODEL)		Y4182

9.0 MONSOON RC DRAWING & PARTS LIST



#	DESCRIPTION	QTY	PART #
1	CABLE-POWER & COM 2C#14	30 FEET	Y5200
2	1/4-20 X 1/2 BUTTON HEAD CAP SCREW	3	VT25-20BH500
3	.375 OD LOOP CLAMP STAINLESS	3	Y4655
4	LOWER WIRE SKIRT	1	Y4660
5	UPPER WIRE SKIR	1	Y4650
6	BALL 5/16" STAINLESS	1	VB.312
10	1/4-28 X 1/2 SOCKET HEAD CAP SCREW	8	VT25-28SH500
11	CONTROL BOX BRACKET	1	Y4618
12	HEYCO BLACK DOME PLUG #2643	2	VM4123
13	MAIN MONITOR CONTROL BOX	1	Y5800
14	.250 OD LOOP CLAMP STAINLESS	2	Y4656
15	10-24 X 3/8 BUTTON HEAD CAP SCREW	1	VT10-24BH375
16	CLOSURE CAP ASSEMBLY	1	Y5340
17	CABLE - 2 POLE FEMALE PLUG	1	Y5280
20	GEAR MOTOR SUBASSEMBLY	1	Y4950
	(#20 Contains Items #21 Thru #32, Except #27))		
21	CUP SEAL 1.0625 X .5625 X 1/4	1	Y4620
22	6-32 X 5/16 LONG SHCS WITH HEAD SEAL	4	VT06S32SH312
23	MOTOR SOCKET	1	Y4615
24	O-RING-038 2-5/8 ID 1/16 C/S	1	VO-038
25	GEAR MOTOR WITH ENCODER	1	Y4610
26	ENCLOSURE	1	Y4616
27	1/4-28X3/4 SOCKET HEAD CAP SCREW	4	VT25-28SH750
30	O-RING-018 3/4 ID 1/16 C/S	1	VO-018
31	CONDUIT FITTING	1	Y5213
32	HOSE - 3/8" ID PUSH-LOK	1 FOOT	Y5250

10.0 WARRANTY

Task Force Tips, Inc., Valparaiso, Indiana 46383-6940 ("TFT") warrants to the original purchaser of its Monsoon and Monsoon RC Monitor ("equipment"), and to anyone to whom it is transferred, that the equipment shall be free from defects in material and workmanship during the five (5) year period from the date of purchase.

TFT's obligation under this warranty is specifically limited to replacing or repairing the equipment (or its parts) which are shown by TFT's examination to be in a defective condition attributable to TFT. To qualify for this limited warranty, the claimant must return the equipment to TFT, at 2800 East Evans Avenue, Valparaiso, Indiana 46383-6940, within a reasonable time after discovery of the defect. TFT will examine the equipment. If TFT determines that there is a defect attributable to it, it will correct the problem within a reasonable time. If the equipment is covered by this limited warranty, TFT will assume the expenses of repair.

If any defect attributable to TFT under this limited warranty cannot be reasonably cured by repair or replacement, TFT may elect to refund the purchase price of the equipment, less reasonable depreciation, in complete discharge of its obligations under this limited warranty. If TFT makes this election, claimant shall return the equipment to TFT free and clear of any liens and encumbrances.

This is a limited warranty. The original purchaser of the equipment, any person to whom it is transferred, and any person who is an intended or unintended beneficiary of the equipment, shall not be entitled to recover from TFT any consequential or incidental damages for injury to person and/or property resulting from any defective equipment manufactured or assembled by TFT. It is agreed and understood that the price stated for the equipment is in part consideration for limiting TFT's liability. Some states do not allow the exclusion or limitation of incidental or consequential damages, so the above may not apply to you.

TFT shall have no obligation under this limited warranty if the equipment is, or has been, misused or neglected (including failure to provide reasonable maintenance) or if there have been accidents to the equipment or if it has been repaired or altered by someone else.

THIS IS A LIMITED EXPRESS WARRANTY ONLY. TFT EXPRESSLY DISCLAIMS WITH RESPECT TO THE EQUIPMENT ALL IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY AND ALL IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE. THERE IS NO WARRANTY OF ANY NATURE MADE BY TFT BEYOND THAT STATED IN THE DOCUMENT.

This limited warranty gives you specific legal rights, and you may also have other rights which vary from state to state.